The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED IN 1876. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1874. VOL. 88.—NO. 235.

DAILY GAZETTE.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—About fifty small frame houses were burned at New Orleans yesterday. Loss $100,000.

—The cotton mills of Rhode Island commenced on Monday running on two-thirds time. There are few exceptions.

—The Continental and Lincoln Mills, at Lewiston, Me., are running half time. The Androscoggin will commence running two-thirds time to-day, and the other mills will follow.

—President Grant and wife arrived in Cincinnati last night. It is expected that to-morrow he will leave *en route* for St. Louis, Galena and Chicago, and thence to Washington.

—The colored people of Knoxville, Tenn., have petitioned Rev. Geo. W. Levere, a Presbyterian minister, to run for Congress in the Second District. There are about four thousand colored and sixteen thousand white voters in that district.

—John Anderson, of New York, founder of the School of Natural History on Peneckeze Island, has written to Garibaldi, enclosing a draft in his favor on the Rothschilds for 5,000 francs, with the announcement that he had made provision for securing to him a like sum annually during his life.

—William Benson, second mate of the schooner Richard Winslow, was killed in Cleveland on Monday while attempting to lower a top-mast of the flag staff on the corner of Pearl and Washington streets. Benson was on the cross-tree, trying to start the top-mast, to which was attached a pulley, blocks and tackle, when the staff broke close to the ground, Benson falling a distance of about forty feet, the pole falling on him, and crushing him terribly. He lived about four hours. He resided in Elmira, N. N.

MOB LAW IN TEXAS.

Citizens Driven Out of St. Joseph.

ST. LOUIS, October 5.—The *Globe* has a special from Denison, Texas, which says: On the night of September 25th, twenty-five or thirty armed and masked men, riding blanketed horses, visited Thos. Boyd, at St. Joseph, Montague county, called on Wm. Stone, who, with his family, boarded with Boyd, to come out. Stone refused, whereupon he was informed that he was a body of men near by who intended to hang him if he did not leave town in twenty-four hours. The party then visited several other houses and made similar demands upon the inmates. Next day, Deputy United States Marshal J. M. Redoman, and several other United States officers, arrived at St. Joseph, and found Stone and the others packing their wagons preparatory to leaving, and accompanied them fifteen miles on their journey and camped with them the first night, keeping out pickets to prevent a surprise, as the intention was to follow and murder them. Yesterday refugees appeared before United States Commissioner Chas. E. Maurice, and filed complaints against twenty-two members of the gang, whom they could identify. Warrants were issued and placed in the hands of Deputy Marshal Wright, who, with a posse of armed men, left Denison last night for Montague county, to make arrests. The demonstration against Stone and others was to prevent them from appearing in Court as witnesses against certain parties.

WEATHER REPORT.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE,
PITTSBURGH, Pa. October 5, 1874.

Local Observations.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	Humidity.	Wind.	Weather.
7 A. M.	30:41	50	91	N.	Foggy
2 P. M.	30:20	56	47	N. E.	Fair
9 P. M.	30:11	51	65	S. E.	Fair

Mean Barometer, 30:21.
Mean Thermometer 49.
Highest Thermometer, 60.
Lowest Thermometer, 39.

GEO. H. ROHE,
Obs'v. Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

Daily Bulletin.

OFFICE OF OBSERVATORY,
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 5, 1874, 10:48 P. M.

The weather at Cairo was fair, thermometer 60; Cincinnati, fair, thermometer 56; Davenport, Iowa, fair, thermometer 56; Fort Gibson, I. T., threatening, thermometer 74; Indianapolis, Ind., fair, thermometer 58; Keokuk, Iowa, cloudy, thermometer 64; La Crosse, Wis., cloudy, thermometer 56; Leavenworth, Kas., cloudy, thermometer 70; Louisville, Ky., clear, thermometer 60; Memphis, Tenn., clear, thermometer 59; Nashville, Tenn., fair, thermometer 60; Omaha, Neb., fair, thermometer 59; Pittsburgh, Pa., fair, thermometer 50; Shreveport, La., clear, thermometer 64; St. Louis, Mo., fair, thermometer 65; St. Paul, cloudy, thermometer 52; Vicksburg, Miss., clear, thermometer 70; Yankton, D. T., fair, thermometer 51; North Platte, light rain, thermometer 53.

GEO. H. ROHE, Observer.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., 1 A. M., Oct. 6, 1874.

Probabilities for To-Day.

For the Middle States, falling barometer, rising temperature, southeast and southerly winds, with partly and increasingly cloudy weather, with rain in the western portions.

SPORTING NEWS.

The Turf.

NASHVILLE, TENN., October 5.—The Fall meeting of the Nashville Blood Horse Association commenced to-day. First race, for two year old colts and fillies, one mile dash; won by Katie Swearer. 1.45½.

Second race, for green three year old colts and fillies who have not appeared in public prior to July 1, 1874, mile heats; won by Hazen. Time—1.47 and 1.48 3-4.

Third race, 1 1-4 miles dash; won by King Pynn. Time—2.13.

Annual Fair of the St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Association—All Children Under Twelve Years of Age Admitted Free.

ST. LOUIS, October 5.—The fourteenth annual fair of the St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Association opened to-day at their extensive and highly improved grounds, four miles from the city. The weather was very fine. The attendance was unusually large for the opening day. According to a custom established several years ago, all children in the city under twelve years of age are admitted free under a standing invitation of the association, and over twenty thousand little people were present, with their parents and guardians, numbering perhaps 10,000 more. The premiums for trotting and running races amount to over $8,000, and will be competed for on a half mile track by some of the finest trotters and thorough breds in the country. The number of entries thus far made reaches 900 black specimens, 600 of which had been predicted. He promised the enactment of new and stringent laws against bands of assassins now operating in various parts of the country.

Convention of Chief Engineers of Fire Departments at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, October 5.—The second annual Convention of Chief Engineers of Fire Departments of the various cities of the Union met at Mercantile Library Hall to-day, and was called to order by President Damrel, of Boston, who extended a hearty welcome to the delegates. A committee of five was appointed to select officers for the convention, who, after a brief consultation, reported H. Clay Sexton, of St. Louis, President, with seventeen Vice Presidents.

President Sexton took the chair and returned thanks for the honor. A committee was then appointed on order of business, and the convention adjourned until to-morrow to give the committee time to report.

Reunion of the Army of the Tennessee.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., October 4.—The local Committee of Invitation to the reunion of the Army of the Tennessee have issued an address, in which they tender a cordial invitation to all officers who at any time served with honor in the Army of the Tennessee to be present at the reunion in Springfield on October 14th and 15th. They have issued over two thousand personal invitations, but many of the addresses are unknown to them, and therefore they extend this general invitation.

Attempt to Swindle a Bank.

KINGSTON, N. Y., October 5.—A man giving the name of Charles R. Ballard, of New York city, to-day called at the First National Bank at Rondout, and presented to the Cashier a letter of introduction purporting to be signed by George Opdyke & Co., of New York, and a check for $8,000 on the Third National Bank of New York, signed George Opdyke & Co., and certified by the letter. The Cashier suspected fraud, telegraphed to New York, and discovered that it was a forgery. Ballard escaped.

THE officers of the Eighth Regiment, Fourth Division, National Guard of Pennsylvania, held a meeting at the Lochiel Hotel, on Thursday last, in the city of Harrisburg, to design a uniform of the regiment. Among the officers were Captain E. R. Enston, of the Coleman Guards, Captain C. R. Lantz, of the Freeman Reserves, and Captain J. G. Heilman, of the Swatara Rifles.

SECOND EDITION

FORIGEN.

Count von Arnim Arrested and Lodged in Prison.

MANIFESTO BY GARIBALDI.

The Rebellion in Buenos Ayres Assuming a Serious Aspect.

The Late Earthquake in Guatamala.

Mutiny in the Carlist Camp.

Don Carlos Wounded

GERMANY.
Count von Arnim Arrested.

BERLIN, October 5.—A dispatch from Stettin announces that a domiciliary visit has, as the result of a 'udicial decision, been made to the residence of Count von Arnim, and that the Count himself has been arrested.

The War Against Catholics.

The Catholic Visar of Posen, having disobeyed an order to leave the province within twelve hours, has been forcibly ejected.

Particulars of the Arrest of Count Von Arnim.

LONDON, October 5.—The *National Zeitung* and *Post*, of Berlin, state that Count Von Arnim was arrested on a charge of embezzling important State papers.

The *Prussian Cross Gazette* reports that four Berlin policemen and two functionaries of the foreign Office appeared last Sunday at Count Von Arnim's estate, at Nassenheide, and demanded a number of letters signed by Bismarck, and sent to Von Arnim while he was Ambassador. The letters relate to the Count's private affairs, and were to be used as a basis for certain legal proceedings which their possessor has already instituted. The Count replied to the officers' summons that the papers were not in his house. He refused to tell where they were, and declared that he would not surrender them. The police made a long and fruitless search of the premises, and then conducted the Count to Berlin, where he was lodged in a police station. The Count's residence in Berlin was also searched, but the papers were not found. Only a private letter book was seized. The members of Von Arnim's family have petitioned the Emperor for his prisoner's release, on the ground that his health is bad and confinement is dangerous.

An Incarcerated Bishop.

The tribunal at Treves has decided to release Bishop Eberhard and remit his fine. It is uncertain whether the Bishop will be discharged or the Public Prosecutor appeal to a higher court.

ITALY.
Manifesto by Garibaldi.

ROME, October 5.—General Garibaldi has issued a manifesto requesting electors to hasten to the polls at the coming elections for the Chamber of Deputies and vote for those now in prison for political offences.

Deficit in the Revenues.

ROME, October 5.—A banquet was given at the town of Legnana on Saturday last to Signor Minghetti, President of Council and Minister of Finance. In a speech delivered on the occasion Signor Minghetti said it was estimated that there would be a deficit in the revenues in the year 1875 of fifty-four millions of lire, which will probably be reduced by thirty-two millions from uncollected taxes. The balance, twenty-two millions of lire, will, it is expected, be covered by octroi and customs duties. The Minister alluded to the abnormal condition of affairs in Rome, and declared that he feared neither the red nor black spectres, the bugbears which had been predicted. He promised the enactment of new and stringent laws against bands of assassins now operating in various parts of the country.

SOUTH AMERICA.
The Rebellion in Buenos Ayres.

RIO JANEIRO, October 5.—The situation of affairs in Buenos Ayres is desperate. The Government is taking vigorous measures to supress the insurrection. All Government offices and commercial houses are closed. The Government has issued an order extending time on all commercial credits. One regiment of national troops has revolted and gone over to the insurgents. Foreigners are hastening to their respective consulates to get passports to protect them against a universal conscription which is to be enforced. There have been several disturbances in the streets of Buenos Ayres. Many persons of prominence have been arrested on suspicion of favoring the insurgents. Colonels Rica and Borges are marching against the rebels. Vice President Alsina remains at the head of the National Guard. The rebel squadron is commanded by Gellyobe. The insurgents are purchasing steamers and arms, and are recruiting at Montevideo.

GREAT BRITAIN.
Panic in South American Stocks.

LONDON, October 5.—There is a panic at the Stock Exchange in South American stocks, in consequence of the insurrection in the Argentine States.

Steamship Disabled.

LONDON, October 5.—The steamship Ontario, from Quebec for Liverpool, was spoken yesterday sixty-five miles from Slyne Head, Ireland, disabled, having lost her screw. Tugs have been sent to her assistance.

Obituary.

Bryan Waller Proctor, well known as "Barry Cornwall," the English author, is dead. He was in the eighty-fourth year of his age.

False Rumor.

LONDON, October 5.—The *Daily Telegraph* rumor that the Duke of Northumberland was to become a Roman Catholic is pronounced false.

Steamships Arrived.

The steamships Ontario and Scotia, previously reported partially disabled, have arrived, the former off Fastnet and the latter at Liverpool.

SPAIN.
Mutiny in the Carlist Camp.

SANTANDER, October 5.—Reports have reached here that a mutiny has broken out in the Carlist camp at Durango, and that Don Carlos was wounded by one of the mutineers. In official quarters here it is stated that Don Carlos' wound is serious, a ball having penetrated the stomach.

Carlists Repulsed from Vich.

MADRID, October 5.—A Carlist force 4,000 strong attacked the town of Vich, in Catalonia, and met with a decided repulse, suffering a heavy loss in killed and wounded.

TURKEY.
The Sultan Reconciled to His Nephew.

VIENNA, October 5.—The *New Free Press* to-day publishes the following special dispatch from Constantinople:

"Partly through the good offices of the English Minister, the Sultan has become reconciled to his nephew, Mahammed Murad Effendi, the royal heir to the Turkish throne. The Sultan has sworn to respect that right, and Mahammed Murad Effendi has promised that the sons of the Sultan shall retain their rank and places. The dowager Sultana vainly opposed this arrangement. The Sultan is ill, and requires complete rest."

FRANCE.
The Elections.

PARIS, October 5.—The elections for Councils General were held yesterday. Returns have been received thus far from between one hundred and seventy districts. They are slightly in favor of the Conservatives. The large towns, like Nantes, Lyons, Lille and Bordeaux, were carried by the Republicans, while the Conservatives were successful in the departments. The Duke De Aumalle was elected in the Department of Oise. Prince Bonaparte defeated Prince Napoleon at Ajaccio.

DENMARK.
Parliament Opened.

COPENHAGEN, October 5.—The session of the Danish Parliament was opened to-day. The speech from the throne was delivered by His Majesty King Christian in person.

The King alluded with gratification to his recent visit to Iceland, and announced that he brought greetings of that colony and of the Faroe Islands to the mother country. He hoped there would be harmonious co-operation on the part of the new Ministry and Parliament. The foreign relations of Denmark were friendly. The existing situation prevented a settlement of the Schleswig question, but there was still reason to hope for a satisfactory solution.

MOROCCO.
The Exportation of Cereals Prohibited.

Morocco, October 5.—The Sultan has issued a decree prohibiting the exportation of cereals from Morocco for three years.

BY MAIL.
Earthquakes in Guatamala.

PANAMA, September 26.—A correspondent of the *Star and Herald*, writing from Antiqua, Guatamala, under date of the 4th inst., gives an account of an earthquake there the previous evening (the 3d of September) at 8:20 o'clock. Without previous warning a strong earthquake shook the ground violently in the direction from west to east. The wave-like undulations on surface rose and fell at least one foot at first. The shock lasted from twenty-five to thirty seconds. When the contents of the large water tank in the court-yard of the hotel were thrown out wild screeches and screams continued, even after the early terror had somewhat subsided, and long after there was noise of falling walls, more or less distant, and mingled with the sounds of hundreds of voices chanting hymns for mercy. Many shocks followed during the night, every one of which gave rise to new alarms and new imprecations. It was intensely dark during the continuance of the shocks. An inspection in the morning showed that about two dozen inhabited houses were destroyed, causing a loss of thirty-two lives. The number of houses damaged, and which will have to be taken down, is considerable. Many of the old ruins of 1773 have suffered seriously During the confusion incident to the earthquake, several men appeared with long knives for the purpose of stealing and murdering, but the Police Chief of Antigua soon repressed them. All the squares and open places are covered with tents for shelter, and even carriages and carts serve as temporary abodes. It will take some time before the people of Antigua, Guatamala, recover serenity of mind enough to go to sleep in their tottering houses. At Guatamala, the capital, slight shocks were felt.

NEW YORK.

The Beecher-Tilton-Moulton Libel Case.

A Large Array of Counsel Engaged.

Fifty People Injured by Texan Steers in Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, October 5, 1874.

Beecher-Tilton-Moulton.

Theodore Tilton and Francis B. Moulton have been notified of the indictments found against them for the alleged libel and slander of Beecher. The bail in each case has been fixed at $3,000, which each will be required to furnish to-morrow.

The Brooklyn *Argus*, speaking of the indictment against Tilton and Moulton, says: The array of counsel in the Tilton suit will be unusually large. Roscoe Conkling has accepted a retainer, and will sum up the case. William M. Evarts, B. F. Tracy, John K. Porter, W. O. Bartlett, John Graham and T. S. Sherman will assist Mr. Conkling. The list of Tilton's counsel is said not to be complete. Senator Carpenter, of Wisconsin, Daniel Dougherty, of Philadelphia, and David Dudley Field are mentioned. Mr. Moulton has secured Judge Fullerton, although Clement Biddle will take the lead in the case and personally appear. Mr. Beach will most likely appear also. A motion will be made for a change of venue. This is a matter in the discretion of the Court. The motion will be made for a certiorari to carry the case before the Supreme Court. This, we believe, is a motion of right, and an effort will then be made to remove the case to Albany or West Chester. It is thought the trial will take place in a fortnight, and it will probably last for three or four weeks.

The Annual Report of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company

for the fiscal year ending May 15, 1874, was issued to-day. The gross earnings of the road and its branches for the fiscal year were $15,631,966, and the total charge for operating expenses, taxes, rent of leased roads, interest on bonds and sinking fund account, amounted to $14,276,855, leaving a combined net profit for the year of $1,355,081.

The Embarrassed Bankers.

Henry Clews & Bro. have decided, in fairness to their customers and for prudential reasons, to stop for a day or two receiving deposits, and have transferred the remittances received the past few days to the Continental Bank, and the credit of those who remitted them.

Fifty People Injured by Texan Steers.

A number of Texan steers, which arrived here last evening, while passing through the lower part of the city became infuriated at the noise and eight of them broke from the drovers, rushing in various directions. Before the steers were shot some fifty people were injured, some seriously.

Two Sicilian Murderers Arrested.

Giovanni and Vincenzo Monfaboni were arrested in Brooklyn this morning on a charge of being concerned in the murder of Vincenzo Wamontano, in Palermo, Sicily, on the night of February 13, 1873.

Died from Injuries.

Dennis Curran died to-day from the effects of injuries received last Saturday night in a fight with William Fritz, at their residence, 317 West Thirty-ninth street.

Business Failures.

David Valentine & Co., jobbers in silk goods and fancy dress goods, have failed. Liabilities, $500,000; assets unknown.

THE CAPITAL.

A Reign of Terror in Alabama.

Armed Bodies of Men Riding Over the Country.

WASHINGTON, October 5, 1874.

A Reign of Terror in Sumter County, Alabama.

The following letter has been received at the Postoffice Department, from a special agent sent to investigate the murder of a colored route agent in Alabama, about a month ago:

"I have just had warrants issued against nine of the murderers of Thomes Ivey, including the Sheriff of this county, and will proceed to make arrests immediately. The reign of terror existing in this county at present far exceeds anything of the kind I have ever seen. Armed bodies of men are riding over the country, and colored people are afraid to go into the fields to save their crops from waste and ruin. The right of free speech is denied them, and many desire to return to slavery."

The following letter is dated "In the Woods near Livingston, Sumter county, Ala., September 29th:"

Redemption of National Bank Notes.

The Redemption Agency has made calls upon National banks since the suspension of redemptions for about seven million dollars in legal tender notes to reimburse the Treasurer for their circulating notes redeemed and assorted. Calls of the same nature for about five million dollars more will probably be made during the present week. When banks have responded to the calls, the agency will be in a condition to resume redemptions. The force of the agency is now sufficient to count and assort bank notes as fast as they are received, so that there is not any likelihood of another suspension of redemptions. Hereafter calls will be made upon banks for reimbursement as fast as their notes are assorted, so that calls for any period will about equal the redemptions. The five per cent. deposit leaves so small a margin for the agency to work upon that calls must be made with great frequency in order to prevent exhaustion of the fund.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

····Shields—Howard—Kennedy, again to-night.

····Scarlet fever, it is said, prevails in West Pittsburgh.

····They say they have struck an oil vein on Center avenue.

····A regular meeting of Allegheny Councils will be held on Thursday evening.

····The Kennedy-Shields Investigating Committee meets this evening to prepare a final report.

····The first prize in the coming billiard tournament will be one of the finest styles of billiard tables.

····Mr. David Owens, a well known resident of Temperanceville, is missing. It is feared he has met with foul play.

····The Library of the late Robert Watson consisted of about three thousand volumes and is said to be the best private library hereabouts.

····Judge Sterrett of the Court of Quarter Sessions has given notice that all desertion and surety cases on the docket will be disposed of on next Saturday.

***Mr. H. Crowell, the advance Press Agent of Theodore Thomas' Concert Troupe, is in the city. Mr. Crowell is one of the most clever and gentlemanly agents traveling.

····The residence of Mr. Chas. Hoerr, formerly postmaster at Buchanan postoffice, on the South side, was entered by burglars a few nights ago, but nothing of value was stolen.

····The ordinance granting the oil refiners association the right to lay a pipe line through a certain part of the city will be found in another column of this morning's paper.

····The September pay roll of the Allegheny Fire Department, amounting to $3,300.87, and bills footing up $487.80 were approved last night by the Committee on Fire Engines.

····There was a fight this morning about one o'clock in the Continental Restaurant, Fifth avenue, and the police were called in. They arrested two of the pugilists, and several others escaped.

····Chief Clerk of Allegheny was suspended yesterday by Mayor Fleming. The Mayor's reason for this action, given to an inquirer, was "for doing nothing." It seems the Mayor thinks the Chief has not been as successful in ferreting out criminals as was desirable. The matter will come before the Police Committee for consideration.

····Thomas Reddington says that Joseph Guest circulated a false story to the effect that he (Reddington) had stolen two geese, for which offense he wants the Court to give him justice in a suit for slander.

····Mrs. Braceland was committed to jail for trial yesterday by the acting Mayor to answer a charge of the larceny of a quantity of clothes and jewelry from the residence of her employer Mr. McGarvey.

····Yesterday afternoon a twelve year old boy named George Bonderman, fell from the second story of Hunneshagens stable, on First alley, near James street, Allegheny, and fractured both his arms above the wrist.

····Jacob Glenn and Linda Lee were committed to jail yesterday by Alderman Donley, of the South Side, on a charge of having induced a boy named Frederick Weizer to steal a quantity of gold coin from his father.

····Porter Ramsey and Johnny Deany objected to going to the Workhouse yesterday, and though in irons, managed to get away from the officers, who had sixteen others in charge, at the depot. They had not been heard from at last accounts.

····The special committee of Allegheny Councils, appointed in the matter of postponing the opening of West End avenue, met last night and ascertained that no action could be taken, as the Viewers' report has been confirmed and notices served.

····Willie Long, son of Lieutenant Long of the Allegheny force, was knocked down while attempting to cross the West Penn track, yesterday morning, but was thrown to one side of the track by the car, and escaped with but a few gashes on the head.

····Detective Joe Cupples has got back from a trip to Louisville, to which place he took James Dunbar, whom he arrested a few days ago on a charge of having defrauded the firm of Robert Dunlap & Co., of Louisville, out of large sums of money.

····Harry Hurlburt, who was arrested on Sunday night by Lieutenant Edge, and on whose person a quantity of spurious coin and materials for manufacturing it were found, had a hearing yesterday before U. S. Commissioner Gamble and in default of bail was committed to jail.

····At a meeting of the Prohibitionists, held yesterday morning, a report was presented stating that Hon. S. A. Purviance had consented to become a candidate for Congress in the Twenty-third district. The report was received and Mr. Purviance was unanimously endorsed. Several other matters were attended when the meeting adjourned.

····The firms of McKnight, Duncan & Co., and McKnight, Porter & Co., the former extensive iron manufacturers on the South Side, the others proprietors of a furnace in Fayette county, have filed their petitions in Clerk McCandless' office for adjudication in bankruptcy. The liabilities of McKnight, Duncan & Co. amount to $203,-795.87, while their assets in full foot up $197,000. McKnight, Porter & Co.'s liabilities are $175,834.38 and their assets $317,805.10.

····In yesterday's Court proceedings, through one of those errors—the mystery of which—"no feliah can find out"—our young friend Frank Gallagher, of Allegheny, figured as a prospective barrel maker at the Work House for larceny. Frank has no strong inclination toward legal pleasures in any form, but thinks—and very properly too—that when he is compelled in the interests of society, to use the law in curbing the unrighteousness of a depredator, the scribe who notes the fact should be more careful not to get the names misplaced—as was done in this case. Davis was the man who got the ticket for Claremont. We sympathize with our young friend Frank, and take pleasure in setting the matter right.

PERSONAL.

***Senator Rutan, of Beaver, was in town yesterday.

***Hon. John C. Newmyer and Captain J. S. Haymaker are now lawyers privileged to expound before the Supreme Court.

***Charles Stuckenrath arrived home yesterday after a wide and extended tour, looking through the galleries of art of the old country.

***Professor M. W. Jacobus, of the Western Theological Seminary, will depart this week, on a health tour to the Barbadoes. He will be accompanied by his wife and daughter.

***Master Robert Gallaher, son of our distinguished and well known fellow citizen, Dr. T. J. Gallaher, has made rapid headway among his English competitors for the first honors in the graduating class of the Sheffield University students preparatory to entering the various walks of professional life. He will pursue his studies at that famous educational establishment until the commencement of next year, after which he will migrate for a tedious study of nearly four years to the very best medical colleges of the Continent.

WATER COMMITTEE.

A Dead Lock Prevents the Transaction of all the Business. The Reservoir Estimates in Favor of Jacob H. Walter Not Yet Signed. Mr. Mellon Refuses to be Considered Present—An Interesting Squabble.

The Water Committee held a meeting last night in Municipal Hall. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Mr. H. W. Oliver, Jr., appeared before the committee and asked in behalf of the Bedford avenue commission that a water pipe be laid on Bedford avenue. He said the city would eventually annex and that a quick return in the way of revenue would be realized. Mr. Parker also made a statement to the effect that parties were delaying building on the avenue until a water main is laid.

The bids for laying the pipe, which were presented some time ago, were taken up and Mr. Mears moved that the contract be awarded to James McGaffin, who was the lowest bidder. The Chair called the motion lost on the ground that it required fifteen votes to pass any matter.

Mr. Brown moved that the Engineer be instructed to advertise for proposals for laying a water pipe on Bedford avenue. Carried.

The pay rolls of the old Water Works and a number of bills for coal, &c., amounting in all to $8,754.83, for the month of September, were approved and ordered to be paid.

When the business pertaining to the old Water Works had all been transacted, matters relative to the new Water Works were taken up, the first being the estimates on the Hiland avenue and Brilliant Hill reservoirs.

Mr. Milligan objected to the approval of the estimates because they were made out in the name of Jacob H. Walter. He claimed that Mr. Walter is not known in connection with the reservoirs, because the transfer of the contract from C. Howard & Son to him had not been approved by Councils.

The Chairman stated that the estimates were all right and that the transfer of the contract did not require the approval of Councils. He was supported in his position by Mr. Thompson.

Mr. R. B. Brown moved that the estimates be laid over. Lost.

The estimates then came up for approval, and there being eleven votes in the affirmative and four in the negative, the Chair decided that they were not approved.

Mr. Thompson—Mr. President, I move we adjourn. It is plain we can't transact any business here to-night.

The motion was seconded, and being put was carried. Mr. Thompson's remark will be better understood when it is stated that barely fifteen members, which just constitute a majority of the Committee, were present, and that it required the vote of every member to transact any business. A single dissenting vote was sufficient to defeat any measure or to cause a dead lock. Without the approval of the estimates was defeated the best of feeling did not prevail by any means and there were several expressions of disgust. When the adjournment was announced and the members began rising from their seats, Mr. Walter stepped forward and said, "Gentlemen, you have put me," but he got no farther, and doubtless in the belief that he could not make himself heard, he did not attempt to say more.

The Chairman stated that another meeting of the Committee would be held this evening, but she had hardly finished his statement when Mr. W. C. Brown moved that the Committee re-assemble as the business to be attended to was important and should not be delayed. The motion was carried and the members resuming their seats Clerk Duff commenced to call the roll. All parties answered to their names except Mr. Milligan who declined to do so on the ground that the Committee had adjourned and that he had been notified of another meeting. His explanation might be considered somewhat attenuated in view of the fact that the committee reassembled before his eyes. However, leaning with folded arms against a desk, and knowing that unless he answered there would be no quorum and that nothing could be done, he positively refused to answer to his name.

Mr. HUNTER—Mr. Chairman has any member a right to browbeat this committee? I would like to know, by thunder!

Mr. MILLIGAN—It is the committee browbeating me.

It was evident that the gentleman would not consider himself present and the only recourse was to adjourn, which was accordingly done until Wednesday evening.

Mr. CUNNINGHAM—Is this adjournment in fun or in earnest?

A MEMBER—This is for "Keep."

The following pay rolls were approved before the dead-lock occurred:

Foundations	16,709 89
Kell's quarry	8,407 35
Officers and employes	2,468 31
Street hands	51 25
Bills	6,121 69
The sub-joined estimates were laid over owing to the dead-lock:	
Stop gates	2,322 60
Boilers	4,600 41
First Pair Engines	21,004 00
Second Pair Engines	4,168 00
Hiland avenue reservoir	14,968 25
Herron's Hill reservoir	2,909 52
Brilliant Hill reservoir	4,489 04

Allegheny Steam Marble Works.

Many of our readers are aware of the existence of the Allegheny Steam Marble Works, under the proprietorship of Mr. Alex. Beggs, located at Nos. 63, 65 and 67 Anderson street, Allegheny City, but only those who have made a minute inspection of these works can have a just conception of their extent and the super-excellent character of their products. Mr. Beggs, in the construction of his works, has called to his assistance every possible auxiliary for the purpose of facilitating the manufacture of elegant and finished workmanship, and how well he has succeeded an examination of his articles on exhibition at his warerooms will fully attest. Not only this, but in addition, those who have favored him with their patronage universally express themselves as highly delighted and gratified with the superior quality of his work, the genuine character of the material used, and the truthfulness of his representations. Those who contemplate the furnishment of a house can rest assured of no cause of regret in their patronage of this establishment, either as to material, quality, design and finish of workmanship or reasonableness of price. An immense variety of assortment constitutes an essential feature of this establishment, enabling parties to make such selection as will contribute to their pleasure and gratification, and be a joy forever. Monuments, mantels, gravestones, cabinet slabs and every article, whether of ornament or utility to be found in a well-appointed marble manufactory are here in great profusion and perfect beauty. Among the differen tion may be made of Americ French, German, Italian marble, which are manufa... order of parties in the highest style of art and the greatest beauty of design and finish.

STOLEN.

STOLEN—ON THE NIGHT OF SUNDAY, October 4th, from the premises of the subscriber, a dark bay pacing HORSE, about 15½ hands high, with white hind feet, star on forehead, and patch of white on nose. A liberal reward will be paid for information leading to the recovery of the horse and conviction of the thief.

W. C. SHAW,
oc6:hc7 Etna, Allegheny County.

WANTED.

WANTED—A FEED BOY WANTED at this office. Apply this afternoon.

WANTED—TEACHER IN THE GRAMMAR Department at the Eleventh Ward Public Schools. Teachers will please make application by Tuesday, October 6, to the Secretary of the Board, JAMES M. McEWEN, 52½ Fifth avenue.

WANTED—MORTGAGES ON GOOD City Property. Money to loan in sums from $1,000 to $6,000. Inquire of D. SWOGER, Real Estate Agent, 66 Federal street, Allegheny.

WANTED.

A gentle man to take charge of the Boarding Department of a female College. One whose wife can act as housekeeper preferred.

The best of references required.

Address
LOCK BOX 262,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

TO-LET.

TO LET—ONE OR TWO FURNISHED ROOMS—Suitable for one in one of the most desirable localities in Allegheny, near the Parks and street cars. Inquire at No. 89 Arch street, Allegheny City. oc6:hd9

TO-LET.—A TWO STORY BRICK Dwelling House in a central location, No. 172 Sandusky avenue, Pittsburgh. Possession immediately. For terms of rent apply to A. D. SMITH, at Iron City National Bank, or at his residence, No. 17 Park street, Allegheny City.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A FINE FAMILY DRIVING and Riding PONY, together with Phaeton and Harness, all in first-class order. Can be seen at SPENCER & WILLISON'S, Nos. 27 and 28 Cedar avenue, Allegheny City.

FOR SALE—FRAME HOUSE OF FIVE Rooms, Attic and good cellar, with a good Lot, on Sedgwick street, Sixth ward, Allegheny, will be sold for $1,200 cash, and a monthly payment of $22.31 for 9 years and 8 months. Inquire of D. SWOGER, 66 Federal street, Allegheny. jy20

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND ENGINES from 5 to 80 horse power, 30 Double Flued Boilers, nearly new, just finished by 38 inch
JAMES HILL & CO.,
Cor. Marion avenue and P. V. R. R.,
Allegheny City.

FOR SALE—CHEAP.—FARM OF about 90 acres, 14 acres in Timber, balance under cultivation, well watered, and all underlaid with Coal; also, abundance of Limestone. Situate about 12 miles from Bridgeville, on Panhandle Railroad. Well improved, with a House of 6 rooms, Bank Barn 40x80 feet, good young Orchard, Shop, Sheep House, Granary, &c. Also, a never failing splendid Spring. For price and terms apply to D. SWOGER, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, No. 66 Federal street.

FOR SALE.

PLATFORM SPRING WAGONS.
PLAIN SPRING WAGONS.
FARM WAGONS.

Heavy and Light Wagons, all kinds of Carts and Wheelbarrows, manufactured and for sale cheap at

Duquesne Wagon Works,

Corner Craig street and Allegheny river, 2 squares below Suspension Bridge.
Repairing promptly done.

jy8:M C. COLEMAN & SON.

DIVIDEND.

CITY DEPOSIT BANK AND TRUST CO.,
PITTSBURGH, October 1, 1874.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT., payable to stockholders forthwith.

B. M. EVERSON,
oc3:hd3 Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
PITTSBURGH, October 5, 1874.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.—THE Directors of this Bank have this day declared a QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of THREE PER CENT. on the capital stock out of the profits of the past three months, payable forthwith, free of tax.

J. D. SCULLY,
oc6:hd8 Cashier.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK,
ALLEGHENY, Pa., October 3, 1874.

DIVIDEND No. 19.—THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have to-day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 10th inst.

JAMES H. RIDDLE,
oc6:hd6 Cashier.

FARMERS' DEPOSIT NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, October 1, 1874.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND 4 PER CENT.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. out of the profits of the last three months, payable on demand, free of tax.

S. GEORGE, JR., Cashier.
oc1

MEETINGS.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE,
LAUCH STAR CLUB ROOMS, PITTSBURGH.

A STATED MEETING OF THE Allegheny County Republican Executive Committee will be held at Lincoln Club Rooms, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 6th,

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.

S. P. FULTON, Chairman.
J. HENRY MILLER,
H. H. BYRAM,
GEO. W. REED,
Secretaries.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE
INSPECTOR OF GAS METERS,
FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

DESIRING THAT THE PUBLIC should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their meters tested to leave their orders at the offices of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they will receive prompt attention.

R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
MUNICIPAL HALL,
PITTSBURGH, October 6, 1874.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Viewers' report on the opening of PEARL STREET from Penn avenue to Liberty avenue has been approved by Councils, which action will be final unless an appeal is filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions within ten (10) days from date.

A. DEMPSTER, City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
MUNICIPAL HALL,
PITTSBURGH, October 6, 1874.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Viewers' Reports on the construction of Yard alley sewer, from Pride street to Josephine street; Clark alley sewer from Miller street to Passavant's alley; and Boyd and Watson street sewer from Dunn's line on Watson street to Old avenue, have been approved by Councils, which action will be final unless an appeal is filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions within ten (10) days from date.

A. DEMPSTER,
City Engineer.

T. P. BEDILION & CO.,
75 Smithfield Street,
DEALERS IN
Watches, Jewelry,
BRONZE AND FINE CLOCKS.
STOCK NEW AND COMPLETE.
HENRY G. HALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR
Is now receiving direct his
Fall and Winter Importations,
Cor. Penn Avenue and 6th St.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, at

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING.....N. P. REED,
T. P. HOUSTON.....D. L. FLEMING,
GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., Editors & Proprietors.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1874:
DAILY GAZETTE.

By mail, per annum	$8 00
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By mail for three months	2 50
By mail for one month	1 00
By the week, payable to Agent or Carrier	15

All remittances should be made by express or in money orders, and when so forwarded will be at our risk.

WEEKLY GAZETTE

Single Subscribers	$1 50
Clubs of five	1 25
Clubs of ten	1 15

A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter up of a Club of Ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

Give full address, postoffice, county and State, also nearest express office, in order that there may be no mistake in forwarding papers.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies, free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1874.

BONDS at Frankfort 98¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 26½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 110¾.

PANAMA has again been damaged by an earthquake. Many houses were so injured as to require to be taken down, but no lives were lost.

THE very serious results that attended the breaking loose of a drove of wild steers in New York city is a reminder of the necessity for some regulation by which the driving of cattle through public street may be presented.

THE new paper, the *Republic*, which was issued in New York yesterday, starts with a good business prospect, and is complete in all its details. Its editorials are modest in tone, but clear in their enunciatiation of Republican principles.

ADVICES from Buenos Ayres indicate that the insurrection in the Argentine Republic is assuming formidable proportions. The insurgents are putting forth every effort, and will do much toward weakening the Government, and may succeed in securing its overthrow.

PRINCE NAPOLEON was defeated in the recent election at Ajaccio, island of Corsica. This looks like an abandonment of the Napoleon family in the place of their birth, and one that has taken much pride in their name, and has faithfully followed their fortunes. The Conservatives were generally successful in the recent elections.

DR. HAYES is inspired to again seek the frozen regions of the North, and the New York *Herald* proposes to pay one-fourth of the expense of his expedition, if the balance is raised. The immediate cause of this new movement for an expedition to visit the Arctic Seas is the lifting out of an Austrian and an English expedition to test certain discoveries reported by the last Austrian expedition. Dr. Hayes wishes to do more, and will aim to force his way northward in the track of Captain Hall, and reach, as nearly as may be, the North Pole.

THE White League business seems to be in full blast in portions of Texas. Various parties residing in Montague county were visited, near the close of last month, by masked men, and warned away, within twenty-four hours, under penalty of death. The Deputy United States Marshal protected them in their journey away, it having been learned that they would followed and murdered, if not protected. Reaching Denison, the refugees made complaint before the United States Commissioner, against twenty-two of the gang, and an armed force was sent to arrest them. It is such outrages that require that arresting power should be conferred on Deputy United States Marshals.

THE Southern Democratic Governors seem a little muddled over a proposition for a conference, in order that they may counteract the effect of the Chattanooga Republican Convention. But the Governors of Virginia and Texas decline to enter into the arrangement, and so the affair fails through. Various other expedients have been suggested, among others that a convention of all the Governors,—Republican and Democratic, be held, in order that the situation of affairs may be fraternally discussed. But we have little faith that this can be done. Could a judicious presentation of the Democratic side of the case be presented, it might be well, but this, evidently, will not be done.

THE Pipe Line Ordinance passed Common Council by a nearly unanimous vote yesterday. We were well convinced that with the subject fully presented to our Councilmen there would be no difficulty in securing its enactment. The importance of protecting our home interests is so fully appreciated in this city that it would occasion very general surprise were Councils to fail to act on this idea. We are very much gratified, however, at the unanimity with which the ordinance passed. It manifested the sympathy of Councilmen for the oil refiners, and a willingness to do what might be reasonable and right toward relieving the oppressions of this class of our citizens. We have no doubt but the Select Council will ratify the vote of yesterday, thus completing the necessary legislation, and conferring full authority to lay a pipe line across the city. This done, and the work will be promptly prosecuted, and we will soon realize the benefits of this new arrangement. We venture that our refiners will soon cause their Cleveland competitors to realize that Pittsburgh only needs to fairly utilize advantages to take a front place in this as well as other great industries. So far, well.

WE REGRET to see the *Post* fume so badly over our statements. That "plastering of liar on the forehead," is such a brilliant idea that it does'nt like to give it up. We have made it a promise as to what we will do if it keeps up its plastering process, and we are in the habit of attending to such matters. But in the meantime, as we have never been able to get the *Post* to admit, even the most flagrant of its falsehood, we would like to have two out of a dozen inexcusable lies it has uttered of late, either proven or corrected, before we start in. We do this, because we are glad to see that it is alive to the sin of falsehoods. It said recently: "The GAZETTE was in favor of the election of Poland in Vermont." Also, "every candidate on the Republican ticket in this county is pledged to co-operate with the Ring, and if elected, will surely do it." Now, much as we dislike tragic attitudes, we will do our best to strike one, after the fashion of the little monkey that does the small business of the *Post*, and proclaim, that until he proves the above assertions true or retracts them, "we will plaster 'liar' on his forehead, as the only English word expressive of a man who will utter such brutal and baseless slanders." All this is, we admit, a terrible thing to do; but when the *Post* rises in its majesty, something must be done. So when the above, and a few other items we have are proven or retracted, we will go in.

NEEDLESS ISSUES.

We notice here and there, the statement in the Democratic journals that the Republican party is secretly antagonistic to the new Constitution. We refer to the subject, not for the purpose of controversy, but that we may refer to a few facts of recent history, in proof of the assertion that all this is untrue; on the contrary, the public evidence rather serves to fasten on the Democratic party the charge they launch at us. That certain persons in the Republican party opposed the new Constitution, is true. They did it openly, and, so far as we know, honorably. When it was ratified by the popular vote, they as openly gave in their adhesion, and declared their purpose to cheerfully abide the vote. It was in their power to have embarrassed the subject, but they did not. The movement to amend the new Constitution, as we understand it, was jointly made by Republicans and Democrats, and on the Commission to revise it is the Chairman of the late State Democratic Convention. That he is in sympathy with the movement is beyond doubt. Further, the new Constitution was the product of Republican legislation, was caused by Republican votes, and a majority of the members of the Constitutional Convention were Republicans in politics, and their work was ratified by Republican votes. More than this, the Republican party will not allow the new Constitution to be dangerously tampered with. So much for that.

The Democratic party leveled the severest epithets of its platform against the Civil Rights bill, because, as they falsely allege, it provides for the co-education of whites and blacks. The new Constitution makes exactly the same provision for the education of the children, white and black, that the civil rights bill does. Is it not a fair inference, therefore, that inasmuch as the Civil Rights bill is denounced, they include the new Constitution in their denunciation? We do not seriously charge it upon the Democratic party that they oppose the new Constitution; but we use the facts stated to show that they are far more amenable to this charge than are the Republicans. We feel an unmitigated contempt for journals that continually seek, by inuendo, that is worse than direct falsehood, to fasten false accusation on an opposite party. And we cannot imagine a party that has less reason for doing this than the Democracy. There is not a crime in the political calendar that cannot be brought close home to it. There is not an outrage that it ever perpetrated that it has shown penitence for. The blood of the rebellion is encrusted upon it; for all the crimes it committed in promoting and defending slavery till it led to war; and of encouraging rebels, thus nerving them to the continuance of the war,—it has never repented, and "without repentance there is no remission of sins." Yet we have refrained from holding against it its crimes, hoping it might abandon its evil ways and be decent, even if not trusted with power. But the soul of meanness is in it, and Darwin to the contrary, a man cannot be made of a monkey.

THE OLDEN TIME.

Our reference, yesterday, to the early files of the GAZETTE caused a number of our friends to bring to the office old numbers of the paper, which have been treasured up during a series of years. We have no doubt that there are many such scattered around, that are kept as heir-looms in families, because of special allusions, or from chance interest in particular issues. One of the numbers left is dated August 30, 1811, and contains an advertisement or political card from Robert Magee, who aspired to the office of County Commissioner, and proposed if elected, to "discharge the duties of the office with faithfulness and fidelity, and without favor or affection to any man or party of men." This is rather a comprehensive promise. Four shillings and sixpence a bushel is offered for wheat. Among the news items is a reference to a suspicious French vessel in the river Delaware, and the suggestion that "she ought to be watched." Much space is devoted to the bad conduct of Emperor Napoleon, who had detained, at various ports, American vessels that had voluntarily entered them.

We have another copy, dated March 18, 1814. It was handed us by a grandson of Thomas Collins, Esq. It contains the obituary of Mr. Collins, as also of John Conway Kirkpatrick, both of which we reproduce, as showing the style of composition of those times, and referring to names in which many in our community feel an interest. Of Mr. Collins it says:

"He died at his residence in Butler, after an illness of ten days, which he supported with fortitude and resignation. He naturally possessed a lively and cheerful disposition, but the close of his life was somewhat clouded with adverse circumstances, which he constantly endeavored to remove, until his health fell a prey to his exquisite sensibility. To a cultivated genius and refined taste were added amiable and gentle manners; few equalled him in literary attainments; none surpassed him in social and benevolent virtues. His festive board was always cheered by the smiles of friendship, and the sympathetic tear stole forth at the scene of distress. In the family circle he excelled; his endearing deportment, agreeable manners, tender and affectionate treatment, rendered him the solace and comfort of his family. He left an amiable wife and family to deplore his loss, and a few friends who revere his memory."

Mr. Kirkpatrick is referred to as follows:

"If a genius above mentioned could afford promise of future usefulness, the death of this young gentleman is a loss to society; but we have more certainty for regret; Mr. Kirkpatrick was uniformly correct in all his habits, temperate, industrious and dutiful; besides, he excelled in every manly virtue; society bewails the loss of one of her most promising sons. His funeral was on the 13th inst., accompanied by an uncommon concourse of relations and friends."

The passage of the banking bill is recorded, whereby Allegheny, Beaver and Butler counties are formed into a district entitled to three banks. One of these is to be called the Bank of Pittsburgh, with a capital of $600,000, and John M. Snowden, D. S. Scully, John Spear, Thomas Cromwell, George Dawson, James Martin, Joseph Wilson, and Robert Highlands are Commissioners for opening books and receiving subscriptions. Another is to be called the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Pittsburgh, with a capital of $450,000 and the Bank of Beaver with a capital of $125,000.

Still another copy is dated December 16, 1815, and contains an account of the organization of Congress, Henry Clay being elected Speaker of the House. It also contains the message to Congress of President Madison, in which he refers to the close of the war with England and the policy necessary in order that the country may recuperate its strength. He urges the establishment of a tariff on imports, in order that American industry may be protected. He also urges the establishment of a national seminary of learning, to be provided for by Congress, and located in the District of Columbia. Thus many years ago President Madison favored the very idea that leading educators advocate now. This paper also announces the landing of Napoleon on the Island of St. Helena.

Thus we are referred back to the "ancient days." With the times thus mirrored before us, we can have some idea of how the world moved in those early periods. The manner of life, habits of thought, and public events of the time are clearly portrayed. There are advertisements of persons in jail for debt, who petition for release—thus bringing to mind what seemed a barbarous custom. Verily, these are the "better days," however worthy of remembrance are the olden times.

POLITICAL NOTES.

HON. WM. STEWART has consented to be an independent candidate for Judge in the Mercer district.

OF Gov. Dix, *Harper's Weekly* says that "of his triumphant re-election there can be no serious doubt."

JOHN L. GORDON, Esq., of Mercer, has been elected Chairman of the Republican County Committee.

"To love rum and hate niggers," was Horace Greeley's definition of modern Democracy. It seems to hold good yet.

ACCORDING to the new Constitution, the Representatives in the Legislature chosen at the approaching election will continue in office for two years.

THE temperance politicians of Blair county met in Altoona on Saturday, and nominated Alexander M. Lloyd for Assembly, and A. A. Stevens for District Attorney. Both accepted.

WHEN the call for the first great war meeting, held in Union Square, New York, in 1861, was issued, it was headed by John A. Dix. Samuel J. Tilden absolutely refused to sign it.

IN the Republican Conference at Bedford, on Thursday, Gen. Elliott having withdran his name, Col. E. D. Yutzy, of Somerset, was nominated for State Senator from the Thirty-sixth district.

THE Massachusetts State Convention meets at Worcester October 7. The delegates are classified as follows: Uncommitted, 173; for Governot Talbot, 117; Loring 43; anti-Talbot and anti-Loring, 43.

IN 1841, Judge William L. Dayton, a Justice of the Supreme Court of New Jersey, became a candidate for United States Senator, and immediately resigned from the Bench—long before the election. Thirty years have passed, and now Judge Bedle keeps his seat on the Bench while running as a candidate for Governor.

SENATOR SHERMAN, who is in Washington, reports that the political canvass in Ohio is advancing in a way that is satifactory to the Republicans, and that their success on the 13th instant is absolutely certain.

AT the Republican county meeting, held at Doylestown, Bucks county, on September 29, the following named persons were nominated: For Assembly—Israel S. Tomlinson, J. Paul Knight, M. Allan Emory, and Watson Johnson.

ON Friday evening at Charleston, West Virginia, the Congressional Convention unanimously nominated General J. S. Witcher for Congress, to fill the vacancy in the Fifth district occasioned by the withdrawal of Colonel John Hill Wesson.

THE prohibitionists of Ohio have nominated a State ticket (for which they expect to poll 30,000 votes), and have tickets in thirty-one counties. They have also nominated candidates in fourteen of the twenty Congressional districts.

THE Republicans of Bedford county have agreed upon the following ticket: Congress—B. Laporte. Senator—H. L. Scott. Assembly—Dr. Ely Tracy, A. S. Kinney, and William Mosorip. Commissioner—Sheppard. District Attorney—J. N. Califf. Surveyor—G. Myer.

A REPORT from Maine says the friends of Senator Hamlin and ex-Governor Perham propose a settlement of the U. S. Senatorial question by taking Gov. Dingley as a compromise candidate. There is a very doubtful flavor about this, because there is no probability of Senator Hamlin's agreeing to any compromise which shelves himself. He is ready to sacrifice himself for the party by going to Washington for another term, but he is not likely to step out until he is forced to do so through a lack of votes.

PERSONAL.

DEAK, the well-known Hungarian patriot, is reported to be dying.

BRIGHAM YOUNG has sons at both the Naval Academy and West Point.

MR. AND MRS. SARTORIS are expected to visit Washington in January, to remain six months.

LIEUTENANT WILLIAM GEARY, son of Governor Geary, has graduated successfully from West Point.

IT IS reported that Brigham Young is again in a critical condition, in consequence of a recent surgical operation.

PHILIP BLUM, at Prague, has poisoned his wife, a daughter aged sixteen, a son fourteen and another. He is a brother of the Blum whom Windischgratz shot.

WASHINGTON gossip says Mr. John Flanagan, a wealthy widower of Philadelphia, is soon to marry the daughter of Judge Strong, of the Supreme Court.

GENERAL SHERMAN paid a visit to his newly married daughter in New York on Saturday morning, and returned to Washington on the evening of the same day.

THE longest name probably ever inflicted upon a child in Massachusetts was "Aldebarontiphoscofornia"—twenty three letters! The girl afterwards became the wife of a Boston merchant. The lady who bore this remarkable name was a long time a resident of Brooklyn, but she subsequently returned to Boston.—*Brooklyn Union.*

JENNIE JUNE got a hat that turned up on one side, and her husband criticised it so severely that she wore her old bonnet when she went to see the "Sphinx," and lo! it was the only one there. Everybody had on a new hat, and every one had it turned up high on the sides. Said her husband, "Good heavens! have all the women gone crazy?" "Yes," replied she, meekly, "and why can't I go crazy too?" "My dear," said he, "you may; it would be ridiculous to be the only sensible woman in the world." So hereafter she is going to wear her gray felt, turned up on one side, in peace.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

FOUR persons were burned to death last Sunday night during a fire in Paisley, Scotland.

THERE were 585 deaths, 499 births, 189 marriages and 46 still births in New York during the week.

WESTON began, at 12.5 last Sunday night, in New York, another attempt to walk 500 miles in six consecutive days.

VERMONT turns out 200,000 slate pencils a day. But what becomes of them? Young folks, cipher that out, will you?

THE German bankers of New York have received advice of an advance in the Bank of Prussia rate of discount to five per cent.

A VIRULENT type of small-pox is beginning to manifest itself in Hoboken and the northern townships of Hudson county, N. Y.

ADVICES from Buenos Ayres represent the situation as very desperate. Rigorous measures are being adopted by the Government to suppress the insurrection.

HAYTI taxes foreign merchants form $1,200 to $1,500 per annum, and foreign clerks employed by foreign merchants $600, more than most of them are paid as salary, and if they are employed by Haytiens, $800 per annum.

A RAIN-CLOUD burst on the Humboldt Division of the Central Pacific Railroad, on Thursday night. The track was washed out, an emigrant train, drawn by two locomotives, went into a chasm. Both engineers were instantly killed.

A PRIVATE letter from Hon. Joseph Medill, dated September 19, states his intention to sail for New York about the 1st of October, with the expectation of arriving home about the middle of the month. His family will remain in Europe for the present.

WM. SINER, who was convicted, with Mathias Kaas, of keeping a gambling hell in Philadelphia, sentenced to the Eastern Penitentiary for a term of years, and pardoned within a year, has just been appointa visitor of the poor by the Board of Guardians.

THE President of Mexico is pleased with the present condition of affairs in the Republic and very hopeful of the future of the nation. Industry is being encouraged, and, it is said, that cautious German capitalists are disposed to speculate in the construction of an inter-oceanic railway.

MR. JOSEPH CLARE, of Ohio, who was charged by Charles Perkins, husband of the woman who murdered her little girl, in Cincinnati last week, with having criminal intercourse with his wife, makes a statement in which, after relating circumstantially the incidents occurring on the day of the murder, denied most positively of ever having had improper intercourse with Mrs. Perkins, and can only reconcile Perkins' conduct toward him in this case with a conspiracy on his part against his wife, and a design to use him as an instrument for carrying out his scheme.

LITERARY GOSSIP.

SEVERAL gentlemen of Philadelphia are contemplating issuing in the Italian language, devoted to the interests of the Italians' resident in this country.

IN the credentials of Ministers sent to Spain by the Powers which lately joined in the recognition movement, the word republic does not occur. Was the omission concerted?

A BEAUTIFUL poem has been published in Providence, beginning:

"In sixteen hundred and thirty-six,
Roger Williams got into a fix
By saucing the Governor of Massachusetts,
And skedaddled away to Rhode Island."

THE FRIENDS of Proudhon are collecting for publication the letters of the late celebrated author of the "Contradictions Economiques." They have in hand more than 1,000 letters, which are to fill at least four volumes.

THE theory that America was not discovered by Columbus is getting fresh support. Mr. R. B. Anderson, of the University of Wisconsin, is coming out with a book to prove that the Norsemen of the tenth century were the true discoverers.

DR. SCHLIEMANN writes to the London *Academy* that the excavation in the Acropolis, at Athens, of the Treasury of King Minyas, who reigned several generations before Homer, promises to reveal many objects, which "will be so many pages of the history of the so-called Heroic Age."

HOW sharp those New York editors are, to be sure. "Dr." H. W. Longfellow's "new poem" gives the *Herald* an opportunity to show its appreciation of fine literature, but it might have done it sooner if it had been a faithful reader of Mr. Bonner's enterprising paper. As we stated, yesterday, "The Hanging of the Crane" is not so new as it would have been but for its publication some time ago in the New York *Ledger*.—*Boston Post.*

THE *American Historical Record*, under the able editorship of Benson J. Lossing, is a general repository for much curious and valuable information connected with the history and antiquities of this country and of the biography of distinguished citizens. Its articles are freely illustrated when the text demands such assistance. Many most interesting incidents, reminiscences and facts, which might otherwise be lost, find a permanent record in its pages, and all who are interested in historical and kindred studies will find it a valuable magazine. It is published monthly by John E. Potter & Co., Philadelphia.

SIMMONS vs. BUTLER.

Interesting Interview on the Subject of Butler's Tactics.

Samuel J. Simmons, brother of the Collector of the Port at Boston, has been interviewed since the publication of his famous letter, and thus details what he calls "General Butler's tactics:" "To achieve political success by the Butlerian method, caucuses must be controlled at all hazards. The preliminary feature in the movement in Boston was to obtain control of the ward and city committees by which caucuses are called. In the Butler campaign in the Fall of last year, the first great object aimed at was to have caucuses called at a period when the least resistance could be expected. This was when the families of the better classes were out of town. After the call is issued the Butler men toss every influence known in politics to fill the caucuses, bringing men from every quarter inside the ward and outside. They rely much upon the United States officials in this. They control matters just as much as the Praetorian guards controlled the Russian Senate. The ward and city committees are largely recruited from the lower wards. The power of the officials of the Internal Revenue Department is immense, and extends to every hamlet in the State. Its power is far greater than the power of the Custom-house. It is this department with which I have been connected. I have used my influence as an officer and as a man to rally an immense crowd in the caucuses. Mr. Simmons describes the usual plan of operating the caucus and manipulating its votes, and adds: The power of the Internal Revenue Department is especially useful in election time. This is the way in which it is operated in Butler's interest: An officer enters a liquor store and asks to see the dealer's license. Generally everything is correct. The question comes, How about your cigar boxes? The law requires the erasure of stamps. Frequently dealers in cities have on hand nearly 500 boxes that are empty. Then a hint is given that they had better look out for them carefully. All this is done pleasantly, especially if parties are anti-Butler. Before leaving the officer manages to drop the suggestion that possibly another call will be made in a day or two. Remark is also made, incidentally, that a caucus is coming off soon, and an invitation is given to them to come down and bring their friends. Dealers, particularly country dealers, have a great dread of law and of Government officers; the hint is usually sufficient, and the expected force is on hand. Butler does not care for the Collector other than he can serve Butler's interest. He saw a rising politician in him, made his bid, and got him. At the time I was engaged in traveling through the State in Butler's interest I was in consultation with all the leading Butler men, and it is not to be assumed that I did this work without instructions. I never was called upon to use much money. Government office was potent enough. The main expenses are for carriage hire. If the crushing process is to be continued, facts of a darker character than I have revealed are to come to light. I shan't even hesitate to touch on the Collectorship fight, the Sanborn contracts, M. S. P. Pollard, and the Government teaming."

It is said here that the Collector has no sympathy for his brother's crusade.

Pastoral Visits.

The Chicago Methodist ministers are troubled about the proper arrangement and moral limitation of Pastoral Visits. At their regular social meeting last week they took up the subject seriously and did largely talk it over. Mr. Leonard thought "no good man in no danger whatever in visiting any kind of house." Mr. Mullinger "had never been tempted—not in the least." Mr. Gloss, when he thought it necessary, always took Mrs. Gloss with him. Mr. McKeown adduced the example of St. Paul, who "shunned not the females of his flock;" and yet "he gave great cautions." Dr. Jutkin thought "the difference between pastoral and social visiting should be distinctly marked." He thought also the preacher should go as a Shepherd, and as a Bishop of the Souls. Generally he suspected that clergymen were too strong on the social side and too weak on the religious side." "That is the only trouble," said Dr. Pack. As might have been expected, the meeting came to no definite conclusion upon that point, which admits of none, unless it be that "a true minister," as Mr. Mullinger observed, could not be tempted"—a very just remark.

Tilton and His Wife.

In this terrible bespatterment over in Brooklyn one thing has looked bright all the way through, and that is the chivalric sympathy, tenderness, and affection with which Theodore Tilton has always spoken of his wife; and, if this meets the eye of Elizabeth R. Tilton, we would say to her: "Arise and go to your husband." While you are yet a great way off you will find him coming to meet you. As you stand upon your own threshold again, with his arm around you, before you retire from the public eye turn and tell the anxious and agitated world the exact truth of this pitiful story, then you may kindle the fire on your hearth again, and gather your little ones about it and take it for your consolation that you have taught us all to keep parents, pastors, and every other mortal thing outside of that charmed circle which God alone has placed a man and his wife.—*Church Union.*

Moulton's Firm.

The firm of which Moulton is the most active member are among the largest importers in this country of railroad iron, salt, and fish. They are the heaviest warehousing firm in this nation, if not in the world. They own and lease a line of warehouses and docks fronting the upper bay, on the East River side, for at least a mile and a half, valued at not less than $20,000,000. These warehouses embrace the Atlantic, Commercial, and Erie docks and basin. Moulton is in charge of all freights received from the Mediterranean, South America, and those from New England and the British Provinces. In addition to this, he has a large interest in the importations of salt and fish, all of which passes under his direction. It is claimed that this firm has done a business during five years past of over $250,000,000.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

AS NEW words are now being introduced into our language, we act our parts as journalists by giving them to the public. A gentleman being handed an autograph album, and asked for his name, gave it thus:

I write my name and lo! you laugh,
And think you have my autograph;
But it, my friend, is all a sham,
You have in truth—my autogram.

Thus have the new words telegram, photogram and autogram been substituted for the ones formerly used.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.
HON. E. M. PAXSON, of Philadelphia.
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.
HON. A. G. OLMSTED, of Potter.
AUDITOR GENERAL.
GENERAL HARRISON ALLEN, of Warren.
SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.
COLONEL R. B. BEATH, of Schuylkill.

COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS.
Twenty-second District.
JAMES S. NEGLEY, Pittsburgh.
Twenty-third District.
THOMAS M. BAYNE, Allegheny.
STATE SENATE.
Forty-second District.
HUGH McNEIL, Allegheny.
Forty-fourth District.
JNO. C. NEWMYER, Wilkins township.
Forty-fifth District.
MILES S. HUMPHREYS, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY.
First District.
HENRY M. LONG.
W. H. GRAHAM.
HENRY GERWIG.
Second District.
CHARLES JEREMY.
JAMES ONSLOW.
Fourth District.
D. B. MORRISON.
S. J. WAINWRIGHT.
S. P. McCORD.
JAMES LAIMMER.
Fifth District.
B. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley.
H. K. Sample.
Sixth District.
A. B. YOUNG.
GEORGE ARCHIBALD.
JUDGE ORPHANS' COURT.
W. G. HAWKINS, Jr., Wilkins.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
E. A. MONTOOTH, Pittsburgh.
ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
JOHN A. McQUAIDE, Esq.
COMMISSIONER.
G. W. WEDDELL, McKeesport.
DIRECTOR OF POOR.
HENRY R. CHALFANT.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 64 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CHARTERED IN 1862.
Assets January 1, 1873, - - - $778,251.56
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
Solicitor—John H. Bailey.

NEW ADTERTISEMENTS.

ROSENBAUM & CO.,
78 and 80
Market Street,
OFFER
GREAT BARGAINS
IN
New
AND
Desirable
Goods.
Sweeping
Reductions
IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.
NOVELTIES
In Ladies', Misses' and Children's
HATS,
OSTRICH TIPS,
FLOWERS,
Velvets, Velveteens,
SILKS, FRAMES.
Sash Ribbons at 25c.
A FULL LINE OF
HOSIERY,
FROM 10 AND 12½ CENTS UP.
GENTS' HALF HOSE
75 Cents per Dozen and Upwards.
NEW
Beaded Trimmings,
Beaded Beltings,
Beaded Gimps,
Beaded Laces.
CORSETS! CORSETS! CORSETS
25 Different Styles, from 50c up.
Prices and styles to suit everybody.
Silk Scarfs, 22c. each.
KID GLOVES! KID GLOVES!
BEST MAKES, ALL COLORS.
Real Perinet Gloves, $1.50.
Good Kid Gloves, 75c and $1.00.
Merino Underwear
AT
Greatly Reduced Prices.
REMEMBER
78 and 80
MARKET ST.

EAGLE FILE WORKS
Manufacturers of Superior
Hand Cut Files and Rasps.
ALL OUR WORK
Warranted Unconditionally.
England & Bindley,
263 LIBERTY ST.

NEW DISCOVERY
Edward's NATURAL POLISH!
The Best Article in the World for all Purposes.
It will clean and polish anything and everything, from the finest Gold Jewelry to the worst tarnished Locomotive, Fire Engine or Kitchen Utensil.
For Sale by all Druggists and Grocers.
AGENTS WANTED to travel and introduce it through the country. Call and get a Circular.
No. 27 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

WM. T. DUNN & CO.,
Sewer Builders and Manufacturers of
Drain and Sewer Cement Pipe.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Hydraulic Cement, Patent Chimney Pipes, Cellar Floors, &c., cemented. All orders promptly attended to and work guaranteed.
OFFICE AND WORKS,
240 REBECCA STREET, ALLEGHENY

MERCHANT TAILOR,
B. TIEGEL,
No. 53 Smithfield Street,
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Fall and Winter Wear.
LOWEST PRICES.

JOHN T. GRAY,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
54 NINTH STREET.
ALL WORK WARRANTED. Sole Agent for Gilme's Patent Slate Roofing Paint.

SAMUEL M'MASTERS,
Alderman,
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.
OFFICE, NO. 100 GRANT STREET,
OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hutchinson & Co.
Iron Working Machinery
And Machinists' Supplies of Every Description.
Removed from 28 Wood street, to
112 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
OPPOSITE HARE'S HOTEL.
Entrance also Nos. 3 and 5 Union street.

THE CASE OF CANARIES.

A pair of canaries gave to your care,
Dearly I asked you to shield them, or starve them with air.
Or expose them to sunrise in the cold or the damp,
And then be surprised if they suffer from cramp;
Nor open your windows to all kinds of weathers
Quite ready their fit bugs till they pull out their feathers.

The birds that are free fly to bush and to grot,
If the window be closed or the sun be too hot;
But these pretty captives a point on your aid,
In winter for warmth and in summer for shade.
When they chirrup, and carolsong hop to and fro,
Some want or discomfort they're trying to show;
When they stamp their bills sharply on perch or at bars,
They're saying for something they greatly desire;
When they scratch feather in end in a twinkling,
With a restless ruffle, like water a-sprinkling,
Or sit in a huddle, with sharp call-like notes,
They are begging for water to freshen their coats.
Cage, perches and vessels keep all very clean,
Or fear of small insects—you know what I mean!—
They breed in their feathers and have them no rest,
In tearing them out, choose the cleanest and best,
I find soft cotton cleanest for the birds
Or hemp and cassary, rape, millet and flint.
I try them with all, till I find out their taste—
The food they most care for they scatter and waste.
About their bright cages, I hang a gay tower
Of shepherd's purse, chickweed and grounsel in flower.

At a root of ripe grass they will pick with much zest,
For seeds and small pebbles their food to digest.
But all should be ripe, and well seeded and brown,
Few leaves on the groundsel, but plenty of down.
In Summer, I hang them out high in the shade,
About our hall door by a portico made;
In Spring, Autumn, Winter, a window they share,
Where no blast is that's drawn down to the afternoon glare.
The window, if open beneath them, we close,
Lest the cramp should seize hold of their poor little toes.
A bath about noontide on every mild day
Will keep your small favorites healthy and gay.
In hot Summer sunshine, some cuttle green,
As a roof to their cage, makes a very good screen.
In Winter nights, cover from lamplight and cold,
And they'll sing in all weathers, and live to be old.
—*The Animal World.*

NEW ADTERTISEMENTS.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
MONDAY, OCTOBER 5.
Unusual Bargains
AT
Wm. Semple's,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
LADIES' SUITS,
Made up in the best manner and in all desirable styles and materials.
LADIES' OUTSIDE GARMENTS.
Elegant Beaded Cashmere Sacques.
Beaded and Embroidered Cloth Sacques.
Cloth Jackets and Sacques.
Polonaises, various materials.
Elegant Embroidered Polonaises.
New Fall Shawls, great variety.
Mourning Shawls, all qualities.
ENDLESS VARIETY OF
NEW FALL DRESS GOODS,
Black Mohair Alpacas,
The most remarkable bargains in Alpacas from 25 cents to 87 cents to be found in this country.
At 12½ and 18¾ cents.
Desirable New Dress Goods,
Extra Good Bargains in Finest qualities of NEW FALL
Dress Goods.
Cashmeres, Merinos, &c.
Serges, Sacques and Lustres,
Camel's Hair Cloth, De Beges, &c.
Silk Pongees, Poplins, &c.
Mourning Dress Goods.
Goods for Men and Boys' Wear.
Bargains in Fine Cloths and Cassimeres,
Cassimeres of medium quality.
Tweeds, Jeans, &c.
WATERPROOF CLOTHS,
All colors and qualities, at Exceedingly Low Prices.
Customers from the cities and countr our stock unusually full and attractive.
WILLIAM SEMPLE,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
197 AND 199
PENN AVENUE.
FALL FASHIONS
Every department full of seasonable and choice Goods at
Greatly Reduced Prices
From those of any former time.
SPECIAL FOR THIS WEEK,
LADIES' AND MISSES' CLOAKS
Fresh lots opened every day.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S
MERINO VESTS AND DRAWERS.
LADIES' WHITE AND SCARLET ALL WOOL VESTS AND DRAWERS.
Men's and Boy's Merino Heavy All Wool and Flannel Shirts and Drawers.
New Hamburg Embroideries.
New Canvas Embroidered Goods
NEW HATS,
Flowers, Feathers, Birds, Ostrich Plumes, &c.
TRIMMING VELVETS,
WINDSOR TIES.
And New Styles Neck Scarfs, Sash and Trimming Ribbons.
Strangers visiting the city are invited to call and look through our stock, which is at all times complete and prices the very lowest. Orders by mail will receive prompt and careful attention.
RETAIL STORES.
WHITE, ORR & CO.
New Goods.
Heavy Twilled Serge,
Heavy Camel's Hair,
Cashmere Plaids,
Embroidered Polonaises,
Cloth Jackets,
Silk, Cashmere and Serge Suits.
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 Fifth Avenue.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CARPETS.
FALL STOCK.
First Arrival, Choicest Styles.
BODY BRUSSELS.
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS.
2 AND 3 PLY INGRAIN, &c.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
New No. 29 Fifth Avenue.
CRAIG BROTHERS.
Brass Founders
AND
STEAM FITTERS
HEAT BY STEAM
Public and Private Buildings.
OFFICE,
129 Second Avenue.
FURNACES, RANGES
Mantles,
GRATES, &c.
JAMES OLD,
193 Liberty Street.
NOTICE.
HARVEST QUEEN
Reaper and Binder Co.
CAPITAL - - $300.000.
SHARES 3,000, PER $100 EACH.
The books for subscription to the above Company are now open at the office of the HOUSEHOLDER'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, German American Bank Building, Penn avenue. The payments on subscriptions are as easy as the necessities of the business in getting machinery and building will permit. This promises to be a remarkably successful Company, as the business will be a specialty, covered by patents that make the invention a monopoly. It is the greatest agricultural improvement of the age.
For Prospectus, &c., and inspection of the model, call on the inventor at the office as above.
se29:h26
NITRATE SODA.—100 BAGS BEST Refined. For sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,
116 Water street.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
MONDAY, OCTOBER 5.
IMMENSE STOCK
AT
Wm. Semple's,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
Still plenty of our most popular bargains in
Muslins, Calicos, &c.
At 4, 5 and 6 cents,
Good Fast Colored Calicos.
At 8½ cents,
Extra Fine Yard Wide Unbleached Muslins.
At 10 cents,
Yard Wide Best Heavy Unbleached Muslins.
At 8c. Some of the best

FINANCIAL.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS FUND
AND
SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY,
Cor. Seventh Avenue and Smithfield Street.
Incorporated by Legislature of Pennsylvania.
CAPITAL, - - - - - - $250,000.
Interest allowed on deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Real or Personal. Discounts daily.
Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturdays from 7 to 9 P. M.
JOSEPH M. GAZZAM, President.
SAMUEL A. LONG, Vice President and Business Manager.
DIRECTORS.
J. M. Gazzam, Andrew J. Lee,
J. F. Smith, George M. Reed,
Samuel A. Long, Frank Kohne.
JOHN G. MACCONNELL, Solicitor.

PRAETSCH, STROUS & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 58 FOURTH AVENUE,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Deposits received and interest allowed on daily balances.
Collections made on all points of the United States.
We buy and sell Stocks, Bonds and Government Securities on Commission.
Mortgages and Commercial Paper
A SPECIALTY.
Passage tickets to and from Europe and Sight Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland at lowest rates.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL, - - - - - - $200,000.
D. R. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.
Deposits received and 6 per-cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK,
Cor. Wood St. and Sixth Ave.
CAPITAL, - - - - - - $250,000.
SURPLUS, - - - - - - 127,000.
Interest allowed on Deposits.
Exchange on Germany, France, England and Switzerland at lowest rates. Collections made promptly on all parts of the United States and Canadas. Particular attention given to all business of correspondents.
DIRECTORS—A. Groetzinger, J. F. Havekotte, W. F. Lang, J. C. Dickson, E. H. Meyers, Jos. Lang, Paul Hugus, Christ. Seibert, P. Haberman.
JOHN H. KNOEPP, President.
JOSEPH LAURANT, Cashier.

INTERNATIONAL BANK,
Cor. Liberty and Market Sts.
CAPITAL, - - - - - - $200,000.
PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
5 per cent. per annum upon daily balances—from inactive non-borrowing accounts—payable on demand.
6 per cent. per annum on special deposits for 60 days and upwards. Special agreements relating to interest made. Notes and Bills purchased.
W. H. MECHLING, President.
WM. NIMICK, Vice President.
F. E. MOORE, Cashier.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, October 6, 1874.

The week opened quietly, so far as active demands for money were concerned. It is thought, however, that the week will develop that kind of activity which is made up of quarterly statements,—the transfer of small sums from one to another. While it will derange bank accounts, it will not probably take money from the city, or even disturb the general balances of the banks. In real estate little is being done aside from exchanges of property, but few active sales being made. The tendency is to lower prices.

George A. Perry, assignee of the Security Trust Company, yesterday filed a bill in equity against the Merchants' and Manufacturers Bank, and James T. Brady & Co., to recover the value of certain promissory notes, certificates of deposit, and other securities belonging to the Security Trust Company, and which were, without authority, used for the benefit of James T. Brady & Co., which firm was over drawn to the amount of $50,000. This will probably develop an interesting case, as it will cause the Merchants and Manufacturers Bank to begin a struggle for the amount this claim-ed. If the case goes against it, the sum of $50,000 will be practically lost, as neither Brady & Co. nor the Security Trust Co. can return the funds.

There was a panic yesterday at the London Stock Exchange in South American stocks, in consequence of the insurrection in the Argentine States.

The German bankers in New York have received advice of the advance in the Bank of Prussia rate of discount to five per cent. David Valentine & Co., jobbers in silk goods and fancy dress goods, New York, have failed. Liabilities, $500,000; assets, unknown.

Henry Clews & Co., whose paper went to protest on the first of this month, have decided, in fairness to their customers and for prudential reasons, to stop for a day or two receiving deposits, and have transmitted the remittances received the past few days to the Continenal Bank, and the credit of those who remitted them.

Stock speculations have been particularly active during the past week, and the market yet seems strong. But we warn all that there is no good basis for a heavy advance, and that persons who are unaccustomed to the "market" will do well to avoid it. Many have made inquiries of New York as to the future of speculation. In the answer they find neither confidence nor encouragement. They see a market that has been moved upwards artificially, and is only sympathetically strong; one that rests on very little basis than that of last Spring, when "inflation" was the cry of the street and everybody was predicting a period of unexampled prosperity.

The United States Treasury held Saturday $383,200,000 bonds to secure national bank circulation, and $16,500,000 to secure public deposits. The national bank circulation outstanding is $349,337,000, and the national bank notes received for redemption Saturday were $3,000. The national bank receipts for the week ending September 26 were $4,000,000.

Luther S. Kaufman, Broker, No. 96 Fourth Avenue, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

	Opened.	Closed.
Gold	110	110¼
U. S. 5-20s—1861—coupons	118	118
5-20 1862	112¾	112¾
20—1864	115¼	115¼
" 1865	116¼	116¼
" 1865 new	115¾	115¾
" 1867	117¼	117¼
" 1868—coupons	117¾	117¾
10-40's	111¼	111¼
Currency 6's	117¼	117¼
New 5 per cents	112¾	112¾
10-40's—coupons	111¾	111¾
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	102¾	102
Erie	34½	33¾
L. S.	90	90
R. H. & E.	7	7
C. C. & I. C.	11¾	11
St. Paul	34¼	33
Do. Pref	54	52
Michigan Southern	82¼	82¼
Do. Certificates	74½	74½
North Western Common	39¾	38¾
Do. Pref	56	55
Rock Island	103¾	102¾
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	87¾	87¾
Pacific Mail	49¾	48¾
Western Union Telegraph	91	90½
Ohio & Mississippi	28¾	27¾
Union Pacific	37	36¾
Toledo & Wabash	33¾	33
Harlem	129	129
Chicago & Alton	97½	97¼
Adams Express	107	107
American Express	61	61
U. S. Express	67	67
W., Fargo & Co. Express	79¾	79¾
Quicksilver	22½	22½
Fort Wayne	91	90¾
Merchants Union Express	19	19
Hannibal & St. Joseph	26¾	26¾
Panama	114	114
A. & P. Pref		11¾
Iron Mountain		15
Money	2	2½
Terre Haute		

Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of active stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board to-day:

Penna Central	54¾	
" scrip	103¾	
Reading	95¾	
United Cos. of N. J.	125¾	126
Oil Creek	9¾	
Lehigh Valley	60¾	
Central Transportation	43¼	43½
Empire do	35¾	
A. V. R. R. 7-30s	89	
P. C. & St. L. 7's	67	

NEW YORK, October, 5, 1874.

Money 2 1-2@3; prime mercantile paper 6 @7. Sterling was quiet and firm at 485 for sixty days and 488 for sight. The customs receipts were $385,000. Gold opened and closed at 110 1-8. The carrying rates were 1, 3 and flat. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $58,000. The clearings were $31,000,000. The imports of specie for last week were $80,000. Governments were firm. State bonds were quiet. Railroad bonds were moderately active. Stocks were weak in early dealings, and declined 1-2 to 1 5-8 per cent. The principal business was in Erie, Wabash and Pacific Mail. After midday the general list became firm, and recovered 1-4 to 1-2. During the afternoon there was a temporary weakness in consequence of cable telegrams announcing a panic in London in South American securities, and also rumors of mercantile failures here. At the close of the day there was a partial recovery from the depression, and the market closed firm. The total sales to-day were about 200,000 shares, 50,000 Pacific Mail, 10,000 New York Central, 27,000 Erie, 29,000 Lake Shore, 24,000 Union Pacific, 13,000 Northwest common, 6,000 St. Paul common, 12,000 Wabash, and 5,000 C. C. & I. C. The decline in Erie was caused by the commencement of the Angell suit by the Attorney General of New York.

Governments.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 118; 5-20s of '62, 112¾; do of '64, 115¼; do '65, new, 113¾; do of '67, 117¼; do of '68, 117¾; new 5s, 112¾; 10-40s, 112¾; currency 6s, 117¼.

State Bonds.—Missouri sixes, 94; Tennessee, old, 73; do new, 72; Virginia new, 38; do old, 33; North Carolina, old, 29; do new, 22; Louisiana, 46½.

Stocks.—Canton, 57¾; Western Union Telegraph Company, 89¾; Quicksilver, 21½; Adams Express, 61; Wells, Fargo & Co., 79; Express, 70; American Express, 61; United States Express, 67; Pacific Mail, 48¾; New York Central, 102¾; Erie, 33¾; do. preferred, 56; Hudson River, 103¾; do. preferred, 125; Michigan Central, 75½; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 87¾; Northwestern common, 39¾; do. preferred, 56; Rock Island, 103½; New Jersey Central, 103¾; St. Paul, 33¾; do. preferred, 52½; Toledo & Wabash, 33; do. preferred, 45; Fort Wayne, 90¾; Terre Haute, 7; do. preferred, 24; Chicago & Alton, 97¾; do. preferred, 102; Ohio & Mississippi, 27¾; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 98; Burlington & Quincy, 102½; Lake Shore, 78½; Panama, 114; Illinois Central, 90; Union Pacific, 36½; Central Pacific, 93; Tuloln, 87¾; Hartford & Erie, 13½; Delaware & Lackawanna, 106½.

LONDON, October 5—5 P. M.—The rate for money on the Stock Exchange on Government securities is 2 per cent. The rate of discount in open market for three months' bills is 3 per cent., the same as the bank rate. The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day was $700. Consols: money, 92⅝@92¾; account, 92⅝@92¾; 5-20's of '65, new, 106½; do. 1867, 106½; do. 1868, new 9's, 104¼; New York Central, 93; Erie, 31¾; preferred, 52.

PARIS, October 5.—Rentes, 61f. 87½c.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS—WEEKLY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, Oct. 5, 1874.

Trade during the past week has not differed very much from those immediately preceding it; but there is some comfort in this, that if it is not improving much, it is holding its own, and it is hoped that there will yet be an improvement before the close of the year. The cautious policy adhered to by business men, one of the natural effects of the panic, still continues; they are still determined, as the saying is, to keep close to the shore, to carry no more stock than is necessary to supply, but, notwithstanding this hand-to-mouth policy, there is a very fair business in the aggregate, nevertheless. With the present system of small orders, less money is required, credits are upheld, collections are made with less difficulty, and business generally, while it is not as active as we could desire, is nevertheless in a somewhat healthier condition. There has been a fair degree of activity in produce circles during the past week, and two of the most prominent articles in this line—Butter and Eggs—have advanced. In groceries there is nothing to record excepting that Coffee, which was somewhat excited at the date our last weekly review, continues firm, and raw sugars are also strong. In grain there is a continued firm feeling, and Corn and Oats continue considerably excited. The hog product is dull and prices are lower, and, furthermore, the indications just now are that the bottom has not been reached; hogs, in our market, have declined a full cent ₰ lb since the this day week. Flour continues quiet and unchanged. Potatoes firmer and higher. Hay dull but without quotable change.

APPLES—There has been an increased demand during the past week, owing to the fact that smaller fruit has given out, and we have now a limited supply, prices are a shade better; we now quote at $1@2 ₰ bbl for common to prime and $2.25@2.50 for choice.

BEANS—That this article is tending higher is owing to the fact that prices, until recently, would scarcely pay cost of transportation and commissions, which closed out considerable quantities of consignments.

BUTTER—The market continues, as it has been all year, dull, and, to brokers, unsatisfactory, but prices remain unchanged; we continue to quote X at 38 ₰ lb; Strictly Prime, 35@36; Good, 30@32; India Ale, 31¢. Half barrels in regular proportion.

ASHES—There is some little inquiry but it is mainly for small lots to fancy families and dealers, while as regards prices there has been no important change recently.

BROOMS—Following are the prevailing rates: No 6, $3.50 ₰ doz; No 5, $4.25 ₰ doz; No 4, $5 ₰ doz; No 3, $5.75 ₰ doz; No 2, $6.50 ₰ doz; No 1, $7.50; Toy & Whisp, $1.50; No 4, carpet, $4.00; No 2 do., $5.75.

BRICK—There is a very limited demand just now, as there usually is at this particular time, and the market is quiet with scarcely enough doing to establish rates; the amount of business done since $2.50 ₰ bushel, the outside figure for prime navies. The supply in this market is meagre, and mostly old stock; in regard to the future we have no information, as, yet, to enable us to state whether it will be as a average one or not, but the probability is that the drouth affected it more or less as to small corn.

BUTTER—There has been a steady demand during the past week, and nearly every lot offered for choice, which is selling readily at quotations, and, notwithstanding the advance, as it was expected it would, has increased the demand; there has been no accumulation as yet. Since the cool weather there has been an increased demand for roll, which is now principally offered to solid packed, hence it is bringing outside quotations. It is well enough to state, however, that the feeling prevailing in the market has not touched the highest notch for the present, and that a reaction soon is not improbable in the event of the receipts of large lots of packed; we will not bring within 36¢ ₰ lb as much as roll. Quotations may be fairly given at 36@37 for choice to fancy; 33@35 for prime to choice solid packed; 29@28 for medium to good, and 18@22 for common to fair.

CHEESE—Trade has been quiet during this article light; the same may be said as to stocks. Manufacturers are still buying only for immediate wants, and are very reticent. We have reports from some parts of Illinois stating that the crop will undoubtedly be short; also advices from Indiana, while it may not be quite so much behind season, but of poor quality, most of it red tipped. Sales one car; good green, 7½; hurd, 10; red tipped, 6½@7¢; good pale or frosted, 6¼@6¾.

BROOM HANDLES—No 1 plain, $15.00@18.00; No 1 painted, $18.00@18.00; No 2, $14.00.

BELTING—The demand for leather belting has been fair; buyers still continue to exercise more than ordinary caution, formerly by selecting only some of the better grades, seeming perfectly willing to pay 10 to 15 per cent. more to get the best article.

BEST OAK TANNED BELTING.

Inch.	Per foot.	Inch.	Per foot.
½	30 6	5½	60
½	12 8	6	66
½	18 7	7	77
½	24 8	8	90
½	30 9	9	1.02
½	36 10	10	1.14
½	42 12	12	1.38
½	48 14	14	1.62
½	54 16	15	1.76

GUM BELTING.

Inch	2 ply ₰ ft.	3 ply ₰ ft.	4 ply ₰ ft.	Inch.	3 ply ₰ foot.	4 ply ₰ foot.
3	25c	30c	40c	9	0 90	1 20
4	28c	34c	42c	12	1 08	1 30
5	30c	36c	45c	14	1 26	1 50
6	32c	42c	46c	16	1 50	1 78

CHEESE—The market is firm, and with a steady demand, light receipts and a limited supply, prices are fully sustained; prime Ohio Factory, 11; New York do, 13½@14c. Dairy Cheese is neglected, and, to use a common phrase, is almost "out of the market. Ohio Sweitzer ranges all the way from 16@18c, according to quality.

CRANBERRIES—In fair supply, but the demand is very meagre in consequence of the abundance of fruits, which are much cheaper; may be quoted at $3@3.25 ₰ bbl and $8@8.50 ₰ box.

CHESTNUTS—Are coming in more freely, and prices are weak and drooping; we now quote at 60@65 ₰ bushel.

CANNED GOODS—Trade in this character of goods, so far as our market is concerned, continues very quiet, the consumptive demand will not open up until towards spring, and about the only thing worthy of notice is that prices are likely to rule lower than last year.

COKE—We are reliably informed that there has been an increased demand recently, which has resulted in an improvement in business, but it is feared that it will be of short duration, as, furthermore, prices are lower. We now quote at $2.50@2.75 ₰ ton, delivered on cars in Pittsburgh, at which rates the margin for profit must be very small.

DRIED FRUIT—We know of no transactions as yet in dried fruit. Eastern canvassers are offering choice halves peaches at 8½@9¢; at southern evaporations they could not be laid down for less. No apples offering.

EGGS—The stock in this market is light, and shippers would inquire if we have choice to spare here, as the cost of transportation is less and prices are equally as good as in the eastern markets. As we said last week, there is no question but packing parties are cautious and candle their eggs, as our dealers will soon commence selling at the marks, notwithstanding the advance, as it was expected it would, has increased the demand; there has been no accumulation as yet. Since the cool weather there has been an increased demand for roll, which is now principally offered to solid packed, hence it is bringing outside quotations. It is well enough to state, however, that the feeling prevailing in the market has not touched the highest notch for the present, and that a reaction soon is not improbable in the event of the receipts of large lots of packed; we will not bring within 36¢ ₰ lb as much as roll. Quotations may be fairly given at 36@37 for choice to fancy; 33@35 for prime to choice solid packed; 29@28 for medium to good, and 18@22 for common to fair.

FEATHERS—Sales of choice live geese at 55c in round lots, with the usual advance for small lots.

GROCERIES—Coffee—The market for Rio at the close of the week was higher, and the stock at the importing points was reduced to about 24,000 bags—4,091 bags only being held in New York against fifty odd thousand two weeks ago. Advices from Rio of an advance there and showing smaller daily receipts, together with a sharp advance in Java, combine to make the tone of the market for Rio at the most active speculative business known on the seaboard for some time. The very large quantity afloat for the United States will soon be felt and will have a tendency to ease the market, though it is not probable that Coffee will rule as low as was anticipated earlier in the season, when it was predicted by many that the large crop in Brazil and the dull business would cause a decline of 10@12c ₰ lb. The west is nominally bare of Coffee—the importing trade have next to nothing—there was no stock held over in Brazil from last year—hence the unprecedented stock of 3,200,000 bags (old style) this year in Brazil is, to a great extent, neutralized (as we said several weeks ago,) and may produce no good results to consumers. Still it is not safe to speculate until we are further along. Sugar was stronger at the centres on saturday, at a slight advance for standard refined, under a continued brisk demand and firm market for raws. In New York 94,462 hogsheads are held, against 73,401 hogsheads at this date last year. Molasses—New Orleans scarce and firm at our quotations. Syrups a trifle stronger, and an advance is not improbable in the finer grades. Rice—The latest news from Charleston is an advance of ½c ₰ lb for Carolina—the result of the late gale in that section, which destroyed a portion of the crop. Some holders in Charleston advanced one cent ₰ lb, but without buyers. Rangoon firm.

CANDLES.			
Star, full w'gt	19	Stearine	15
COFFEE.			
Choice Rio ₰ lb	25@25½	Java, O. G.	32@32
Good Rio ₰ lb	24@24	Fancy Rio	
Fair Rio ₰ lb	23@23	Roasted	25
Prime Rio ₰ lb	22@21	Java Roasted	38
RICE.			
Rangoon ₰ lb	7 @7½	Patna ₰ lb	7½@8
Carolina ₰ lb	7½@8		
SPICES.			
Alspice ₰ lb	17½@18	Cloves ₰ lb	60
Cassia ₰ lb	35 @40	Pepper ₰ lb	27 @28
Nutmegs ₰ lb, 1.35@1.40			
STARCH.			
Common	06	Silver gloss	9½@10
Oswego	09	Corn	9½@10
SODA.			
Bi-carb ₰ 10 kgs, 6	6½@7	Bi-carb ₰ lb papers,	8
SUGARS.			
Crushed	11¾@11¾	Not Standard A	11¾@11¾
Pulverized	11¾	Ex C Standard	11¾@11¾
Granulated	11¾	Yellow B	10¾@10¾
Standard A	11¾@11¾		
SYRUPS.			
Diamond	$1.30	Sugar house ex.	75 @80
Com. molasses	40	Choice Silver	
Porto Rico	70@75	drips	75 @80
Sugar House		New Orleans	85 @87
good	60@65		
SOAPS.			
German mottled	6½	Erasive	6 @ 6¼
Standard	6¼@6½	Star	6¼@ 6½
Savon Imperial	8 @8½	A'lean Castile	10 @11
White Lilly	6½@6¾	Foreign Castile	13 @14
White Rose	6¼@6¾		

GRAIN—The market for Wheat is possibly a little firmer in tone, in sympathy with other grains, and there have been a few sales of somewhat choice, and, in addition, there is a little more inquiry but for the most part the country millers in the full jobbing country would buy considerable in this market—local rates on our railroads are so high that the mills can obtain their stock cheaper at home. We continue to quote Penna and Ohio red winter at $1.12@1.13; amber and white, $1.18@1.20—choice Kentucky Wheats, 10 to 12 cents additional. The Oat market continues firm and somewhat excited, although the recent sharp advance has, for the time being, curtailed the demand; we continue to quote at 60@61 cts for mixed and 62@63c for white, which rates, it is said by those who are in a position to know, scarcely cover actual cost. New crop Corn is offering to quote Penna and Ohio red winter at $1.12@1.13; amber and white, $1.18@1.20—choice Kentucky Wheats, 10 to 12 cents additional. The Oat market continues firm and somewhat excited, although the recent sharp advance has, for the time being, curtailed the demand; we continue to quote at 60@61 cts for mixed and 62@63c for white, which rates, it is said by those who are in a position to know, scarcely cover actual cost. New crop Corn is offering freely, and prices are lower in consequence; quotable at 70@72. Old Corn is still in light supply and held firmly at quotations, 90@92, as to quality. Rye is in very limited supply, and there is rather more inquiry; may be quoted at $1@1.05. Barley continues quiet; brewers, for some reason or other, are buying very sparingly, and there is scarcely enough doing in this market to establish rates.

GRAPES—The arrivals have fallen off somewhat, but the supply is still in excess of the demand, and prices are no better, ranging from 3 to 4 cents ₰ lb.

HIDES—Since our last market has been less active, yet there has, thus far, been no extra accumulation of stock. Prices unchanged, though the market favors the buyer.

Green Salted Cows	9	cents ₰ lb
" Steers, Light	10	"
" Heavy	10	"
" Calf	12	"
Green butchers hulls	6	"
Green butchers cows	6	"
Green butchers steers, light	8	"
Green butcher steers, heavy	7	"

HAY—The market continues dull, with more offering than there is a demand for, and the stock of baled is accumulating; prices, however, remain as last quoted; holders are unwilling to make any further concessions, and there is no question but what baled is cheaper than it can be laid down here at present. Quotations may be given at $18@19 ₰ ton, on the street, for baled, and loose at $16@20, according to quality.

HOPS—Trade has somewhat improved, but not to the extent that will warrant the expectation of the usual brisk demand that generally characterizes the Fall trade. No 1 quality of stock firm. Common and No. 2 neglected.

Oak Sole, country	0.33@0.37	Harness, country	0.36@0.40
Oak Sole, city	0.36@0.42	Harness, city	0.40@0.45
Hemlock Sole	0.26@0.30	Upper, heavy	0.30@0.35
Oak Sole, heavy and mid	0.32@0.36	Upper, light	0.35@0.40
Red Sole, Oronoco	0.29@0.31	Kip, French	0.60@0.70
Red Sole, good dgd	0.26@0.30	Kip, Rough	0.30@0.34
Red Rough	0.30@0.34	Kip, Calf	0.40@0.42
Harness, heavy	0.36@0.40	Calf, Rough	0.60@0.70
Harness, medium	0.36@0.40	Calf, Finished	0.70@0.75
Fair Skirting	0.36@0.40	Calf, Kip	0.60@0.70
Fair Bridle, ₰ doz	80.00@90.00	Upper, Calf	0.60@0.70
Best Leather	0.40@0.45	Patent Leather	0.20@0.22
Finished Calf	1.10@1.40	Enamelled Cow	0.20@0.22
Finished Upper, ₰ foot	0.20@0.24	Enamelled Calf	0.22@0.24
Finished Kip	0.70@0.90	Morocco	0.20@0.22

MILL FEED—Is scarce and there is some inquiry; prices firm with an upward tendency. Bran, $22 @23 ₰ ton; middlings, $27@28. It may appear strange that feed should be so high in view of the low price of flour, but such is the case.

ONIONS—The market for Onions is gradually improving; we now quote at $3@3.25 ₰ bbl, the outside figure for choice silver skin.

OILS—Lard Oil is easier in tone, in sympathy with the raw article, but prices have undergone no quotable decline as yet; No 1 winter strained, $1.10 @1.12. Linseed Oil is quotable at 83@85c. Carbon Oil is firm and higher; standard brands quotable at 10½@11c by the car load, and 12c additional for smaller lots.

PROVISIONS—Pork is lower, but with a good demand closes firmer. Lard steady. Bacon was dull and weak. We notice a sale of 113,000 pounds prime city tallow in New York at 8¾. Lard oil stronger at an advance of 5 cents ₰ gallon in Chicago and Cincinnati. Cheese was in good demand, and full late prices were obtained, with an advance double $1.50: treble $3@4.25; family $6.50@7. Corn in light supply and held firmly at quotations, 90@92c as to quality. Rye is in very limited supply, and there is rather more inquiry; may be quoted at $1@1.05. Barley continues quiet; brewers, for some reason or other, are buying very sparingly, and there is scarcely enough doing in this market to establish rates.

GRAPES—The arrivals have fallen off somewhat, but the supply is still in excess of the demand, and prices are no better, ranging from 3 to 4 cents ₰ lb.

HIDES—Since our last market has been less active, yet there has, thus far, been no extra accumulation of stock. Prices unchanged, though the market favors the buyer.

Green Salted Cows	9	cents ₰ lb

HOME NEWS.

Jurors for the Court of Common Pleas.

The following jurors have been drawn for the Court of Common Pleas:

Third Monday, October.—Jas. G. Armstrong, agent; Wm. Aiken, farmer; John Bianey, tavern keeper; F. J. Blackmore, gent; J. C. Brown, laborer; Adam Bafr, merchant; Robt. Brockuner, carpenter; William Badger, Physician; William Barvard, farmer; James Cook, farmer; R Copp, carpenter; Charles Campbell, laborer; David Carnahan, miner; Hugh Doyle, carpenter; Charles Duffey, blacksmith; Alexander David, carpenter; John Duffey, hotel-keeper; Daniel Egan, bricklayer; Elias Edmunds, hatter; Jacob Eisel, tinner; J. S. Fulwood, clerk; Michael Geier, gardener; Hugh Grant, lawyer; Joel Greist, gent; Andrew Grubbs, carpenter; Wm. Garrison, engineer; Jos. Hayney, glass blower; Wm. Hartman, merchant; Wm. Ihmsen, manufacturer; Andrew Jack, farmer; C. F. Kuhn, tobacco dealer; Nick Kuntzler, saloon keeper; Geo Kreitzus, carpenter; Jos. Kraus, watchmaker; J. G. Lytle, clerk; Geo. Lashell, farmer; Michael Lambert, liquor dealer; M. U. T. Mercer, box manufacturer; Daniel Malady, merchant; Robert Maguire, merchant; Wm. Manley, (colored) waiter; John McKnight, farmer; James McMasters, gent; James McCloskey, laborer; James O'Brien, merchant; W. V. Parvis, physician; Park Purnell, gent; Charles H. Paulson, merchant; Joseph Bayne, farmer; Thomas Patterson, gent; James Park, payer; Michael Rafferty, contractor; Robert A. Reed, painter; Charles Shanner, shoemaker; J. A. Seeley, sawyer; J. S. Shaffer, coachmaker; Wm. Steinacher, laborer; Robert Scott, carpenter; James Whelan, railroad man; William Willock, farmer.

POLITICAL.

Congressional Conference.

The conferees of the Twenty-fourth Congressional District, who have been balloting for so long for a candidate, but without success, met again yesterday afternoon, at the Union Depot, and spent some time in discussing the status of affairs, but finally adjourned, without taking any ballots, to meet again this week at the same place.

ALLEGHENY WATER SUPPLY.

The Proposed Plans for the Improvement of the Reservoir.

Last evening the Water Committee of Allegheny Councils held a meeting [illegible] was submitted the report of City Engineer [illegible] improvement of the water supply, submitted two plans. Both [illegible] on Troy Hill. The Engineer submitted two plans. The first embodied a repairing of the present reservoir thoroughly, without increasing its capacity —the estimated cost of which was $25,000. The second plan provided for an enlargement of the reservoir, and its complete overhauling at about a cost of $33,000.

The report was discussed at some length and the Committee finally decided that the most economical plan was that providing for an enlargement and improvement and they will so report at the meeting on Thursday evening.

The Committee also approved bills to the amount of $35,000—$21,000 of which were for Mr. Hartupee, the engine builder, and $7,000 to Wm. Smith & Son for pipes.

Adjourned.

HIPPODROME RACING.

Johnny Stroup's Challenge Accepted by P. T. Barnum.

The following challenge appeared in the *Leader* of Sunday, the 4th instant:

I, J. C. Stroup, the proprietor of the Theatrical Headquarters and Club House, No. 84 Fifth avenue, the acknowledged lightweight jockey of the United States, do challenge any one of P. T. Barnum's English or American jockeys to ride me a race for one mile dash, best two or three, to take place at P. T. Barnum's great Hippodrome on days hereafter mentioned.

Yours Respectfully,

J. C. STROUP.

Pittsburgh, October 4, 1874.

Last night the following acceptance of the above was handed to us:

Having ascertained that there is not the slightest doubt as to Mr. J. C. Stroup's respectability and social standing, and always ready to give the public all the amusement I possibly can, I accept the above challenge, conditioned as below, and with the distinct understanding that there shall be *no betting*. The race to consist of three half mile heats, best two out of three, and to take place on the Hippodrome track, the first heat on Friday evening, October 9, the second on Saturday afternoon, October 10, and the third on Saturday evening. Two English thoroughbred horses will be selected, and Mr. Stroup shall have the first choice. The horse he rejects will be mounted by one of our riders. To the winner I will present a beautiful gold-headed whip.

P. T. BARNUM.

A $50,000 HAUL.

Bright Hopes for the Creditors of the Late Security—Supposed Discovery of a Nest Egg.

Yesterday morning a bill in equity was entered in the Court of Common Pleas by George A. Berry, Esq., voluntary assignee of the late Security Trust Company against the Merchants and Manufacturers Bank of Pittsburgh and James T. Brady & Co. It is alleged on the part of the plaintiff that after he became assignee of the said Security Trust Company he discovered that the Merchants and Manufacturers Bank on the 22d day of September, 1873, and at various dates immediately prior or subsequent thereto, had received from the said James T. Brady, an officer of the Security Trust Company, promissory notes, certificates of deposit and other securities belonging to the Security Trust Company as security for the accounts of the said Jas. T. Brady & Co. It is further alleged that Messrs. Brady had no authority to transfer the above mentioned security from the Security Trust Company, and that they were already over drawn some $50,000. It is still further alleged that the officers of the said M. & M. Bank were well informed of the fact that Jas. T. Brady & Co. were insolvent at the time said transfer was made, and that the M. & M. Bank had no legal right to receive said securities at their hands. The object of the suit in equity is to recover the amount of said notes and securities for the creditors of the Security Bank. The aggregate amount of the notes and securities is about fifty-eight thousand dollars.

OBITUARY.

Death of Robert Watson, Esq.

On last Saturday, Robert Watson, Esq., one of our most respected and widely-known citizens, passed away from earth as calmly and peacefully as he had lived.

He was an honored son of Pittsburgh. Identified with her prosperity as well as her history.

He began life with the birth of the present century. The son of Andrew Watson, who had eight children, Mrs. Jane Magee being the only survivor.

Mr. Watson was admitted to the Pittsburgh bar 24th January, 1824, at the age of twenty-two years, a cotemporary of Baldwin, Ross, Wilkins and Walker. After devoting himself to the practice of law for a short time he retired on the death of his father to take the care and management of his estate. From that time until his death he devoted his time to literary and scientific pursuits. When in Europe he purchased many rare and valuable books, until he had around him one of the most complete private libraries in the State. He was most kind and retired in his manners, kind and unobtrusive in company; with a cultured intellect, and a well stored mind he distributed with a lavish hand from his intellectual storehouse, to all who sought his aid. His unostentatious manner and kindness of heart endeared him to all who cultivated his acquaintance. He is gone; and by his death almost the last link in the chain, which connects Pittsburgh with the past is broken. We trust that that mortal body has put on immortality. That he now inhabits that, building not made with hands eternal in the heavens.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—The eminent Englishactress, Miss Katherine Rogers Randolph, appeared for the first time before a Pittsburgh audience last evening as *Julie*, in the play of "Romeo and Juliet. "The high reputation as an actress which preceded Miss Randolph, we are free to confess, was fully sustained in her rendering of the character of *Juliet*. She works out conscientiously from first to last the author's intention, as she understands it, and consequently it is difficult to particularize special points. Her performance throughout was one of unusual evenness, which is the highest praise. Miss Randolph was most admirably sustained by the company. Tonight "The Hunchback" will be performed.

PITTSBURGH DRIVING PARK.—The Fall meeting of the Pittsburgh Driving Park commences to-day at McKee's Rocks, and will continue four days. The trains will leave the foot of Penn street at one o'clock and return after the race each day. The premiums which are offered, aggregate $7,200. Pools were sold last night at the Florence House, on Liberty street, "Rarber Boy" being first choice at $10, "Nick" at 88 and "Lady McFetridge" as third choice. There are thirteen entries of three minute horses for the purse of $800, best three in five.

BARNUM'S GREAT ROMAN HIPPODROME —The important event of to-day in connection with the Hippodrome is the balloon ascension of a number of ladies. Every preparation has been made to add to the safety of this highly interesting event, and it will doubtless be witnessed by a much larger crowd than behind either of the other ascensions, simply because ladies are going up, something never before witnessed in this city. Among the ladies who propose making the atmospheric journey are, it is said, Mrs. Thomas Spencer and Miss Eliza Beth Downing. The balloon was thoroughly overhauled yesterday, and every precaution taken to make the trip both safe and delightful. A landing will be made before dark.

The Hippodrome still continues to attract thousands of people daily. Yesterday afternoon and last night it was filled with as many almost as it would comfortably hold. In another column will be found the acceptance of a challenge for a jockey race on the Hippodrome course.

THEODORE THOMAS' unrivaled concert troupe will give two entertainments and one matinee in Pittsburgh, on the 16th and 17th inst.

Beaded Belts,

Cheap, at Rosenbaum s.

Duff's College.—Evening Class now open.

PITTSBURGH COUNCILS.

Regular Meeting Yesterday.

New Members Sworn in—Business from the Wards—New Ordinances Offered—The Citizens Passenger Railway—Resolutions Amended and Passed—The Refiner's Pipe Line Ordinance Almost Through —Rising Main Contract Approved —Objections to Transferring the Reservoir Contracts—President Negley's Speech—A Substitute Offered.

Pittsburgh Councils held a regular weekly meeting Monday afternoon October 5, 1874.

SELECT COUNCIL.

A. H. GROSS.....President.
E. S. MORROW.....Clerk.

This branch was called to order at twenty minutes past two o'clock, when the following members answered to roll call: Messrs. Adams, Ahl, Ahlborn, Aiken, Anderson, Atkinson, Atterbury, Braun, Breed, Brown, Bates, Chislett, Clark, Darlington, Dorrington, Doyle, Elder, Foster, Froelich, Haines, Harrison, Hays, Herron, House, Knapp, Keebler, Lloyd, Littell, Macfarlane, McFarland, Moore, Musgrave, A. G. McCandless, J. G. McCandless, McClurg, McCune, McMasters, McMahon, O'Neil, Rafferty, Rayburn, Scully, Shipton, Spahr, Watson, Zern and President Gross.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

A CHANGE.

The Chair made a personal explanation. At the last meeting he had appointed two new members of Council on the Water Committee, but since had found that the Committee was up to its full complement. He therefore desired to withdraw these appointments.

Mr. BRAUN moved that the chair be impowered to make the change. Carried.

NEW MEMBER. [illegible] credentials of Mr. MUSGRAVE presented, which were accepted, and from the gentlemen named was called forward and took the oath of office.

FIXING THE ORDER OF BUSINESS.

The Chair said the call of the wards was in order.

Mr. MCCUNE moved to suspend the regular order and to proceed with business where it had been left off at the last meeting.

Mr. LLOYD moved to amend, to fix the call of the wards in order on the regular days, the second and fourth Monday of each month.

The amendment was accepted, and the motion as amended carried.

Mr. REED, by leave, offered a petition for abatement of business tax. Referred.

Mr. ATTERBURY offered similar petitions. Referred.

Mr. A. G. MCCANDLESS moved to reconsider their action in fixing the order of business and take up regular business—the call of the wards. Carried.

BUSINESS FROM THE WARDS.

Mr. ELDER presented a petition from J. E. Burns, for abatement of business tax. Referred.

Mr. HOUSE, also a petition for reduction of business tax for N. J. Bigley. Referred.

Mr. MCCUNE stated that the time for reduction of busines tax had been passed. The limit was August first.

Mr. SIMPSON, petition for permission to erect iron clad. Referred

Mr. BRAUN offered several petitions for abatement of business tax. Referred.

Also, ordinance supplementary to the ordinance in reference to the obstruction of side-walks for the sale of peanuts, fruit, &c. Referred.

Mr. A. G. MCCANDLESS, sundry petitions for abatement of business tax. Referred.

Also remonstrance against grade on Webster avenue, and asking for a change. Referred.

Also a petition for the opening of Chauncey's plan, Thirteenth ward. Referred to be printed.

Mr. MCCUNE, a resolution for warrant for two dollars to pay the page of Council, W. H. Purnell. Passed.

Mr. HARRISON, remonstrance against vacation of Coal Lane. Referred.

Mr. MCCLURG, petition for abatement of business tax. Referred.

Mr. BROWN, petition for abatement of taxes. Referred.

Mr. ATTERBURY, petition for reduction of taxes. Referred.

Mr. AHLBORN presented the pay-roll of the Market Committee for September. Received and filed.

Mr. HERRON presented the pay-roll of the Road Committee for September. Received and filed.

NEW ORDINANCES.

Also ordinance for opening of Craig street from Fifth avenue to Forbes street. Rules suspended, and ordinance passed finally.

Also, ordinance for construction of a stone sewer on Brady street, from Fifth avenue to Monongahela river. Rules suspended, and ordinance passed finally.

Also, the ordinance establishing the width of sidewalks on Second avenue in the outer precincts.

The gentleman offered an amendment vacating the sidewalk on the North Side to the railroad company, wherever the tracks abutted on the sidewalk. The amendment was adopted.

Mr. A. G. MCCANDLESS offered an amendment, that hereafter all houses erected in that locality be built fifteen feet back from the curb. Adopted.

Mr. MITCHELL, a detailed quarterly report of the Water Committee. Received and filed.

VIEWERS REPORTS.

Mr. MCCUNE moved to take up the reports of viewers.

The following reports were then taken up and approved. Report on opening of Howley avenue, Fortieth street, Carnegie avenue and Broadway avenue.

The Report of the viewers on the opening of Carson street from the Monongahela Suspension bridge to the city line contained a number of recommendations that several buildings specified be allowed to remain.

Mr. HAYS moved to refer back to the viewers with a request to strike out these recommendations. Carried.

The following were taken up, as approved by C. C., and no action occurred in Virginia avenue, Thirty-eighth street, Forty-fifth street, Mary street, Iowa and Jefferson streets, Ellsworth avenue, Clark alley sewer, Charles, Henry, and Albert street, Forty-seventh street, Pearl street grading, Niagara street, Thirty-ninth street, Boyd and Watson street sewer.

Also several plans of lots approved by C. C., were approved as follows: Woodworth plan, Sterrett plan, Craig's plan, Eleventh ward, Craig's plan, Twenty-fourth ward, Duncan's plan, Fahnestock's plan, Twenty-first ward, Breed's plan, Eighteenth ward.

Mr. BREED called up ordinance 643 from C. C., filed. The ordinance empowered the City Engineer subject to the approval of the Street Committee to appoint a Registry Board of not more than five persons.

Rules suspended and the ordinance passed finally.

Mr. FOSTER, a resolution for the appointment of a committee of three to have numbered the houses on Carson street, Thirty-sixth ward.

Mr. ATTERBURY moved to amend that the cost be assessed on the property; amendment adopted and resolution as amended passed.

Mr. SCULLY called up the ordinance 629 authorizing a change of grade on Lincoln avenue.

Rules suspended and ordinance passed finally.

Ordinance No. 334 was then taken up, it provided for the "staking off" such streets as were proposed to be opened and graded.

Mr. Anderson called attention to some amendments which seemed to have been presented under a misapprehension of the facts, as they defeated the original purpose of the ordinance.

The amendments were voted down, the rules suspended, and the original ordinance passed under a suspension of the rules.

Mr. Anderson, an ordinance for establishment of grade on Soho street. Referred.

THE OIL PIPE LINE.

Mr. Herron, by leave, called up the ordinance passed by C. C. granting the Petroleum Refiners' Association the right to lay a pipe line from a point on the Allegheny river, at or near Negley's Run, to the Connellsville railroad, at or near Nine Mile Run.

The ordinance was read once.

Mr. HERRON moved to suspend the rules and to put the ordinance on its second reading by its title. Carried.

The ordinance was read the second time by its title and laid over under the rules.

THE "CITIZENS" RAILWAY.

The resolutions in reference to the Citizens Passenger Railway Company were called up. They had been passed by C. C. and this action at first was concurred in by S. C. but afterwards a point of order made and sustained that it was not [illegible] to pass such resolutions. The action of S. C. had accordingly been reconsidered, and the resolutions now came up in order.

Mr. MCCANDLESS moved to strike out the last resolution, notifying the Citizen's Passenger Railway that the city would purchase the railway at the expiration of the legal time—five years hence.

The motion was carried.

The rules were then suspended, and the ordinance was put on its third reading and final passage.

Mr. A. G. MCCANDLESS said the purport of the paper was to have the fare reduced from six to five cents.

Mr. BRAUN called the yeas and nays on the resolution as follows:

Ayes—Messrs. Ahl, Ahlborn, Anderson, Atkinson, Atterbury, Braun, Brown, Bates, Chislett, Clark, Darlington, Dorrington, Doyle, Froelich, Haines, Harrison, Hays, Herron, House, Hunter, Keebler, Lloyd, Littell, Macfarlane, McFarland, Moore, Musgrave, A. G. McCandless, J. G. McCandless, McClurg, McCune, McMasters, McMahon, O'Neil, Rafferty, Rayburn, Scully, Shipton, Spahr, Zern, and President Gross—39.

Nays—Messrs. Adams, Aiken Breed, Foster, Murray, McCune, Scully and Watson—8.

Mr. HAYS called up ordinance No. 621, for opening of Bates street, from Carson street to Ohio river.

Rules suspended and ordinance passed finally.

Mr. HOUSE called up a resolution directing a warrant to be drawn in favor of Z. Lowry for $47.60 for overpaid assessment for board walk on Penn avenue.

Action of C. C. in passing the same, concurred in.

Resolution for payment of bill of $7 for baroueche hire, for detectives to make an arrest at the East End, at the time of the Water Commission troubles.

The resolution was passed.

Ordinance No. 490 for grading of Sumner street came up in unfinished business, and was laid over again by request of Mr. House.

Ordinance for erection of bridge over Watson's Hollow.

Some discussion ensued upon the ordinance.

Mr. RAFFERTY moved to indefinitely postpone.

Mr. MCCANDLESS moved to amend to postpone until security was given for the payment of the cost by the property holders on the street.

The amendment was accepted, and the motion as amended passed.

Ordinance for location of Clay alley. Laid over until next meeting.

Ordinance for establishing grade of Lincoln avenue. Indefinitely postponed.

Mr. KEEBLER called up ordinance 399, for opening of Vickroy street from Stevenson to Pride street.

Rules suspended and ordinance passed finally.

Mr. ELDER desired to call up a resolution from C. C., in reference to the Water Committee, but was not granted leave to interrupt the regular order.

Ordinance 218 for grading, paving and curbing of Locust street from Pride to Shingiss streets. Rules suspended and ordinance passed finally.

Mr. FOSTER moved to reconsider their action in reference to changing the sidewalks on Second avenue. Carried.

The amendments then came before the house, one gave the Connellsville road the sidewalk whenever their track abutted on the same; and the other provided that all houses; hereafter built, be built fifteen feet back from the curb line in the south side.

While the matter was under discussion, Mr. ZERN moved for a call of the house, and as thirty-four members only answered to the call, it seemed there was not a quorum.

The Chair said, however, that by his count of the house, there was a quorum—as several members had not answered to the call. The Chair accordingly ruled business in order.

The discussion of the Second avenue ordinance was continued.

The vote was then taken [illegible] sidewalk on amendment, to absolve railroad company the [illegible] abutted on the same. The amendment was voted down.

The second amendment, to have all houses hereafter built fifteen feet back from the curb line, came up. It was also voted down.

Mr. AIKEN moved that the ordinance be made the first order of the day at the next meeting. Carried.

Adjourned.

COMMON COUNCIL.

W. B. NEGLEY.....President.
GEO. BOOTH.....Clerk.

The following persons were present at roll call in this branch: Messrs. Aull, Bindley, Brown, Carle, Connelly, Cunningham, Duff, Epping, Foley, Flinn, Fox, Fulton, Glass, Hunsen, Kerr, Kurtz, Laughran, Milligan, Mears, Meyran, Morrison, McCord, Oberheldman, Perchmant, Reilly, Rolfe, B. M., Rowswell, Rolfe, H. D., Rush, Robinson, Semple, Shaltenbrand, Thomas, Thompson, West, Weisser, and President Negley.

On motion the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting was dispensed with.

THE PIPE LINE.

The clerk read the call for this special meeting to consider the pipe line ordinance. The lobby was crowded with oil refiners and friends of the bill.

Mr. FULTON presented the report of the Street Committee, accompanied by an ordinance authorizing the construction of the proposed pipe line, and also by other ordinances. The report was received and filed, and the bill granting the Petroleum Refiners' Association of Pittsburgh the right to lay a pipe line was read.

Mr. AULL presented a petition from two thousand two hundred and four business men of this city asking that the privilege to lay the pipe line be granted. Received and filed.

Mr. MILLIGAN offered an amendment to section 2nd, providing that the pipes shall be laid "between the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers." Also an amendment to section 5th, providing that the agreement to be signed by the members of the Refiners' Association and deposited with the City Controller, shall stipulate that the Association shall pay "all damages that any person or persons, corporation or corporations, shall suffer by reason of the acts herein mentioned, or from the leakage of pipes, or fires resulting from such leakage, transportation or manufacture of oil on any part of the premises hereby granted. Said pipes shall be laid in trenches at least two feet below the surface of any street, road or alley, over or along which said pipe line shall pass."

After some discussion the amendment was lost, and the ordinance being placed on its third reading was passed finally, the ayes and nays being as follows:

Ayes—Messrs. Aull, Bindley, Brown, Carle, Connelly, Cunningham, Duff, Epping, Foley, Flinn, Fulton, Glass, Hunsen, Kerr, Kurtz, Laughran, Mears, Meyran, Morrison, McCord, Oberheldman, Perchment, Reilly, H. M. Rolfe, Rowswell, H. D. Rolfe, Rush, Semple, Shaltenbrand, Thomas, Thompson, West, Weisser, President Negley.

Nays—Messrs. Milligan and Robinson.

ROUTINE BUSINESS.

The following petitions, &c., were presented on the call of the wards:

Mr. Milligan, petition ordering the Building Inspector to have the wooden stable in the rear of No. 471 Penn street, and owned by George Fence, torn down. Referred.

Mr. Flinn, petition for change of grade on Locust street, between Magee and Stevenson streets. Referred.

Also, petition for change of grade on Forbes street, between Chestnut and Boyd streets. Referred.

Mr. Meyran, petition for water and fire plugs on Butler street. Referred.

Also, petition for gas lamp on Butler street. Referred.

Mr. Glass, petition for a gas lamp on Tustin street. Referred.

Mr. FOX, petition for a gas lamp on Thirty-ninth street. Referred.

Also, petition of J. E. Moye for reduction of business tax. Referred.

Also, petition of Jno. Worth for abatement of business tax. Referred.

Mr. BROWN, petition for a water main on Forty-second street. Referred.

Also, petition for a board walk in the Eighteenth ward. Referred.

Mr. PERCHMENT, memorial in relation to the toll gate in the Thirty-seventh ward. Referred.

Mr. NEGLEY, petition of Mr. Kreps for damages in the grading of Shady lane. Referred.

Mr. AULL, petition for change of grade on Carson and Fourteenth Sides. Referred.

Also, petition for the re-location of Homewood avenue and remonstrance against the present location. Referred.

Also, petition for establishing grade of Elizabeth street in the Twenty-second ward. Referred.

Mr. THOMAS, petition for the refunding of taxes paid on the Twentieth-street sewer, South Side. Referred.

Dr. MCCORD, petition of Charles Gainor for abatement of taxes in the Thirty-second ward. Referred.

Mr. ROBINSON, petition of W. J. Zeigler for abatement of business tax in the Thirty-sixth ward. Referred.

Mr. FOLEY, bill of J. Painter & Sons for payment of two fire plugs on Carson street, in the Thirty-second ward. Referred.

Mr. THOMPSON, petition of T. Williams' heirs, for reconsideration of the ordinance changing the grade of Second avenue. Received and filed, and laid over until the next meeting.

STREET COMMITTEE.

The following Street Committee business was acted upon:

Ordinance for the grading, paving and curbing of Water street from Penn avenue to Duquesne Way. Passed.

Ordinance authorizing the Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Passenger Railway Company to lay the Sixth street from Penn avenue to the Suspension bridge. Passed.

Resolution directing the Board of Viewers to assess the damages done to Samuel Grier by the construction of the Forbes street sewer. Passed.

Remonstrance against the assessment of the Watson and Boyd street sewer and communication from the Board of Viewers returning the assessment without any alterations. Received and filed.

Report on the opening of Carson street, South Side. Approved.

Mr. AULL presented the report of the Survey Committee, which was received and filed, and the following business accompanying it was acted upon.

Ordinance establishing the grade of Liberty avenue. After a long debate this ordinance was referred back to the Survey Committee.

Rowan's plan of streets in the Twenty-first ward. Approved.

Mr. KURTZ, petition for water pipe on Twenty-ninth street. Referred.

THE RISING MAIN CONTRACT.

On motion the rules were suspended, and Mr. Fulton called up the report of the Water Committee, awarding the contract for the pumps to Jared M. Brush & Co.

Mr. WEISSER presented a number of affidavits relative to the boiler contract awarded to N. Snyder & Co. Referred to the Water Committee.

Mr. MILLIGAN objected to the approval of the rising main contract, on the ground that too much power is placed in the hands of the mechanical engineer, who is authorized to change the specifications, and whose decision in regard to any disputed point shall be final.

The contract was finally approved, the ayes and nayes being as follows:

Ayes—Messrs. Aull, Bindley, Brown, Carle, Connelly, Cunningham, Duff, Fox, Fulton, Glass, Hunsen, Kerr, Laughran, Meyran, Morrison, McCord, Oberheldman, Perchment, Reilly, Rolfe, Rowswell, Rolfe, Rush, Semple, Thomas, Thompson, West and Negley.

Nays—Messrs. Epping, Foley, Flinn, Kurtz, Milligan, Mears, Robinson, Shaltenbrand and Weisser.

Mr. THOMPSON presented the following which was passed.

Resolved,—That no change in the construction of the rising water mains, or variation from the contract therefor, be ordered or directed by the Mechanical Engineer, or be made without the approval and direction of the Water Committee, first had and obtained.

Ordinance authorizing Phillips, Ninick & Co. to lay railroad tracks across Carson street, South Side. Passed.

TRANSFER OF THE RESERVOIR CONTRACT.

Report of the Water Committee on the transfer of the Hiland avenue and Brilliant Hill reservoir contract to Jacob H. Walter.

Mr. NEGLEY, Mr. Thompson in the chair, made the following speech in opposition to the transfer of the contract in the way provided for in the report of the Committee.

Gentlemen of the Common Council:

I am opposed to the approval of the transfer of the contract with the city by C. Howard & Son in the form proposed, and believe that we should not, in the manner indicated, approve thereof. It is stipulated in the contracts that the whole work thereunder is to be completed by the 15th day of November A. D., 1873, and on failure thereof the city has the right to deduct and retain out of the moneys which may be due or that may become due, the sum of $100 for each and every day the work remains uncompleted over and beyond the time therein stipulated, as liquidated damages.

I believe that if we approve this transfer, as requested, we approve of the delay and hence relinquish our right to make the deduction and retain our damages out of such money.

THE LOSS ON STONE.

It is admitted, and I am informed the City Attorney has so stated, that this transfer will not cover the loss on the large quantity of stone that was estimated and wrongfully paid for on delivery at *Haight's Run* as and for Brilliant Hill reservoir, instead of "*in place*" as required by the contract.

I am informed and believe that such estimates amounted to upwards of $50,000, and hence there would be a loss to the city of that amount or more.

I am informed and believe that such estimated stone or a large portion of it, instead of being used in the reservoirs, have been used by the contractors in the construction of their private railroad for transmitting stone from said Run to the reservoirs.

I have been informed and believe that a large amount of the said stone was transmitted from said Run to the Brilliant Hill reservoir, after the contractors were notified that work on that reservoir should be abandoned.

I have been informed and believe that all stone for either reservoirs are dropped at Haight's run, and thence transmitted by the private railroad to the works. If this be so, and the contracts not allowing of any deduction to be made on stone, except *in place*, why should not Mr. Walter be compelled to use this stone already estimated and paid for, in the Hiland avenue reservoir? In fact the surety on it surely,—is not the surety [illegible] why we should refrain therefrom, when he wishes to assign C. Howard & Son's place as contractor?

But it will, no doubt, be argued that the Civil Engineer (perhaps by the direction of the Water Commission) gave to C. Howard & Son estimates at Haights run, for stone to be used in the Brilliant Hill reservoir, and hence that reservoir they must go. It is hard to believe that the Commissioners should have done such an unbusiness like transaction, but granting, for the sake of argument, that they did, I assert that neither they nor the engineer had the right to do so, and the contractors were bound to know it.

THE DUTY.

The ordinance creating the commission, states, section 7, "Said Commissioners shall cause to be prepared detailed plans for the foundation and construction of buildings, basins, reservoirs, conduits, machinery, and all other things necessary for the complete construction and operation of said Water Works in accordance with the general plan aforesaid, and make and enter into contracts for the work and materials therefor, *Provided, that all contracts shall be made with the lowest and best bidder upon sealed proposals in writing after advertisement, &c.* Does any person pretend that there ever was any advertising or any other proposals presented by C. Howard & Son, than those under which the contracts (the assignment of which are now sought to be approved), and which specify for the payment of "stone *in place*," et cetera? Will anyone pretend that Haight's Run stone was "in place?" Who gave the Commissioners or Civil Engineer the power to estimate at Haight's Run? If allowed to estimate there, I suppose it might be allowable to estimate for stone in the hills—unquarried, uncovered, unseen.

But the contracts were made, and made under proposals after advertisements, &c., and being made no one had authority to unmake them but the Councils. Did the Councils ever delegate that authority to anyone? Of course not, and I hope that if ever Councils were asked to do such a thing, we would have more sense than to estimate materials